



Flt-4 (BB49): sc-74011

BACKGROUND

Three cell membrane receptor tyrosine kinases, Flt (also designated VEGF-R1), Flk-1 (also designated VEGF-R2) and Flt-4, putatively involved in the growth of endothelial cells, are characterized by the presence of seven immunoglobulin-like sequences in their extracellular domain. These receptors exhibit high degrees of sequence relatedness to each other as well as lesser degrees of relatedness to the class III receptors including CSF-1/Fms, PDGR, SLFR/Kit and Flt-3/Flk-2. Two members of this receptor class, Flt-1 and Flk-1, have been shown to represent high affinity receptors for vascular endothelial growth factors (VEGFs). On the basis of structural similarity to Flt and Flk-1, it has been speculated that Flt-4 might represent a third receptor for either VEGF or a VEGF-related ligand.

REFERENCES

1. Shibuya, M., et al. 1990. Nucleotide sequence and expression of a novel human receptor-type tyrosine kinase gene (Flt) closely related to the Fms family. *Oncogene* 5: 519-524.
2. Matthews, W., et al. 1991. A receptor tyrosine kinase cDNA isolated from a population of enriched primitive hematopoietic cells and exhibiting close genetic linkage to c-Kit. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 88: 9026-9030.
3. De Vries, C., et al. 1992. The Fms-like tyrosine kinase, a receptor for vascular endothelial growth factor. *Science* 255: 989-991.
4. Millauer, B., et al. 1993. High affinity VEGF binding and developmental expression suggest Flk-1 as a major regulator of vasculogenesis and angiogenesis. *Cell* 72: 835-846.
5. Oelrichs, R.B., et al. 1993. NYK/Flk-1: a putative receptor protein tyrosine kinase isolated from E10 embryonic neuroepithelium is expressed in endothelial cells of the developing embryo. *Oncogene* 8: 11-18.
6. Galland, F., et al. 1993. The Flt-4 gene encodes a transmembrane tyrosine kinase related to the vascular endothelial growth factor receptor. *Oncogene* 8: 1233-1240.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FLT4 (human) mapping to 5q35.3; Flt4 (mouse) mapping to 11 A5-B1.

SOURCE

Flt-4 (BB49) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against an extracellular domain of Flt-4 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg IgG₁ in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and protein stabilizer.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Flt-4 (BB49) is recommended for detection of Flt-4 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500); may cross-react with Flt-4 of mouse origin; non cross-reactive with Flk-1 or Flt-1 of human origin.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Flt-4 siRNA (h): sc-35397 and Flt-4 siRNA (m): sc-35398.

Molecular Weight of Flt-4: 150 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203 or human breast carcinoma tissue.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2005 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:32,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2031 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgG-FITC: sc-2010 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgG-TR: sc-2781 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 3) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2050 or ABC: sc-2017 mouse IgG Staining Systems.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.