# p16 INK4A (G-6): sc-74400



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The progression of cells through the cell cycle is regulated by a family of protein kinases known as cyclin-dependent kinases (Cdks). The sequential activation of individual members of this family and their consequent phosphorylation of critical substrates promotes orderly progression through the cell cycle. The cyclins function as differentially expressed positive regulators of Cdks. Negative regulators of the cycle include the p53-inducible protein p21 Waf1/Cip1 (also designated p21, WAF1 or Cip1), Kip1 p27 and p16 INK4A. The complexes formed by Cdk4 and the D-type cyclins have been strongly implicated in the control of cell proliferation during the  $\rm G_1$  phase. It has been shown that p16 INK4A binds to Cdk4 and inhibits the catalytic activity of the Cdk4/cyclin D complex. Moreover, the gene encoding p16 INK4A exhibits a high frequency of homozygous deletions and point mutations in established human tumor cell lines.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Sherr, C.J. 1993. Mammalian G<sub>1</sub> cyclins. Cell 73: 1059-1065.
- 2. Harper, J.W., et al. 1993. The p21 Cdk-interacting protein Cip1 is a potent inhibitor of G<sub>1</sub> cyclin-dependent kinases. Cell 75: 805-816.
- El-Deiry, W.S., et al. 1993. WAF1, a potential mediator of p53 tumor suppression. Cell 75: 817-825.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: CDKN2A (human) mapping to 9p21.3; Cdkn2a (mouse) mapping to 4 C4.

# **SOURCE**

p16 INK4A (G-6) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-168 representing full length p16 INK4A of mouse origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$   $lgG_{2a}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## **APPLICATIONS**

p16 INK4A (G-6) is recommended for detection of p16 INK4A of mouse and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for p16 INK4A siRNA (h): sc-36143, p16 INK4A siRNA (m): sc-36144, p16 INK4A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36143-SH, p16 INK4A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36144-SH, p16 INK4A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36143-V and p16 INK4A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36144-V.

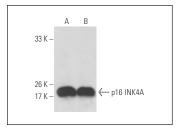
Molecular Weight of p16 INK4A: 16 kDa.

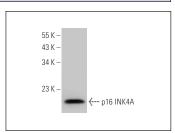
Positive Controls: 3T3-L1 cell lysate: sc-2243, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or mouse LacZ whole cell lysate: sc-364371.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **DATA**





p16 INK4A (G-6): sc-74400. Western blot analysis of p16 INK4A expression in 3T3-L1 (**A**) and mouse LacZ (**B**) whole cell lysates.

p16 INK4A (G-6): sc-74400. Western blot analysis of p16 INK4A expression in HeLa whole cell lysate.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Rouhigharabaei, L., et al. 2013. BMI1, the polycomb-group gene, is recurrently targeted by genomic rearrangements in progressive B-cell leukemia/lymphoma. Genes Chromosomes Cancer 52: 928-944.
- 2. Ding, Y., et al. 2016. Absence of AMPK $\alpha$ 2 accelerates cellular senescence via p16 induction in mouse embryonic fibroblasts. Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 71: 72-80.
- 3. Tyagi, E., et al. 2017. Loss of p16 INK4A stimulates aberrant mitochondrial biogenesis through a CDK4/Rb-independent pathway. Oncotarget 8: 55848-55862.
- Zhao, S., et al. 2021. Effects of the p16/cyclin D1/CDK4/Rb/E2F1 pathway on aberrant lung fibroblast proliferation in neonatal rats exposed to hyperoxia. Exp. Ther. Med. 22: 1057.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.