# 14-3-3 σ (C-18): sc-7683



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

14-3-3 proteins regulate many cellular processes relevant to cancer biology, notably apoptosis, mitogenic signaling and cell cycle checkpoints. Seven isoforms, denoted 14-3-3  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\epsilon$ ,  $\zeta$ ,  $\eta$ ,  $\theta$  and  $\sigma$ , comprise this family of signaling intermediates. 14-3-3  $\sigma$ , also known as SFN, stratifin, HME1 or YWHAS, is a secreted adaptor protein that is involved in regulating both general and specific signaling pathways. Expressed predominately in stratified squamous keratinizing epithelium, 14-3-3  $\beta$  is able to bind and modify the activity of a large number of proteins, such as KRT17 (Keratin 17), through recognition of a phosphothreonine or phosphoserine motif. When bound to KRT17, for example, 14-3-3  $\sigma$  acts to stimulate the Akt/mTOR signaling pathway by upregulating protein synthesis and cell growth. 14-3-3  $\sigma$  also functions to positively mediate IGF-I-induced cell cycle progression and can bind to a variety of translation initiation factors, thus controlling mitotic translation. In response to tumor growth, 14-3-3  $\sigma$  positively regulates the tumor suppressor p53 and increases the rate of p53-regulated inhibition of G<sub>2</sub>/M cell cycle progression. Multiple isoforms of 14-3-3  $\sigma$  exist due to alternative splicing events.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SFN (human) mapping to 1p36.11; Sfn (mouse) mapping to 4 D2.3.

# SOURCE

14-3-3  $\sigma$  (C-18) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of 14-3-3  $\sigma$  of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-7683 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

# **APPLICATIONS**

14-3-3  $\sigma$  (C-18) is recommended for detection of 14-3-3  $\sigma$  of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for 14-3-3  $\sigma$  siRNA (h): sc-29590, 14-3-3  $\sigma$  siRNA (m): sc-29591, 14-3-3  $\sigma$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29590-SH, 14-3-3  $\sigma$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29591-SH, 14-3-3  $\sigma$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29590-V and 14-3-3  $\sigma$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29591-V.

Molecular Weight of 14-3-3 σ: 30 kDa.

Positive Controls: 14-3-3  $\sigma$  (h3): 293T Lysate: sc-110782, A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201 or HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

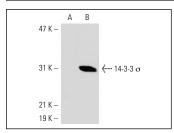
# **STORAGE**

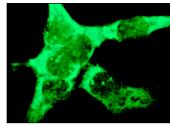
Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### DATA





14-3-3  $\sigma$  (C-18): sc-7683. Western blot analysis of 14-3-3  $\sigma$  expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and human 14-3-3  $\sigma$  transfected: sc-110782 (**B**) 293T whole cell Ivsates

14-3-3  $\sigma$  (C-18): sc-7683. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed A-431 cells showing cytoplasmic localization.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

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- 7. Okumura, H., et al. 2010. Nuclear expression of 14-3-3  $\sigma$  is related to prognosis in patients with esophageal squamous cell carcinoma. Anticancer Res. 30: 5175-5179.
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- 9. Xin, Y., et al. 2011. IKK1 control of epidermal differentiation is modulated by notch signaling. Am. J. Pathol. 178: 1568-1577.



Try **14-3-3**  $\sigma$  **(E-11):** sc-**166473** or **14-3-3**  $\sigma$  **(5D7):** sc-**100638**, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to 14-3-3  $\sigma$  (C-18).