# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# N-cadherin (H-63): sc-7939



## BACKGROUND

Cadherins comprise a family of Ca<sup>2+</sup>-dependent adhesion molecules that function to mediate cell-cell binding critical to the maintenance of tissue structure and morphogenesis. The classical cadherins, E-, N- and P-cadherin, consist of large extracellular domains characterized by a series of five homologous NH<sub>2</sub> terminal repeats. The most distal of these cadherins is thought to be responsible for binding specificity, transmembrane domains and carboxy terminal intracellular domains. The relatively short intracellular domains interact with a variety of cytoplasmic proteins, such as  $\beta$ -catenin, to regulate cadherin function. Members of this family of adhesion proteins include rat cadherin K (and its human homolog, cadherin-6), R-cadherin, B-cadherin, E/P-cadherin and cadherin-5.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CDH2 (human) mapping to 18q12.1; Cdh2 (mouse) mapping to 18 A1.

#### SOURCE

N-cadherin (H-63) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 450-512 mapping within an extracellular domain of N-cadherin of human origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

### **APPLICATIONS**

N-cadherin (H-63) is recommended for detection of N-cadherin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

N-cadherin (H-63) is also recommended for detection of N-cadherin in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for N-cadherin siRNA (h): sc-29403, N-cadherin siRNA (m): sc-35999, N-cadherin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29403-SH, N-cadherin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35999-SH, N-cadherin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29403-V and N-cadherin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35999-V.

Molecular Weight of N-cadherin: 130 kDa.

Positive Controls: PC-12 cell lysate: sc-2250, A-10 cell lysate: sc-3806 or mouse brain extract: sc-2253.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

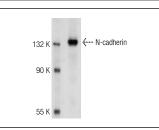
### PROTOCOLS

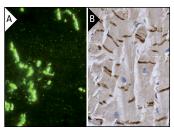
See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# DATA





N-cadherin (H-63): sc-7939. Western blot analysis of N-cadherin expression in mouse brain tissue extract. N-cadherin (H-63): sc-7939. Immunofluorescence staining of normal mouse heart frozen section showing membrane (cell-cell adhesion) staining (**A**). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human heart muscle tissue showing membrane (cell-cell adhesion) staining of myocytes (**B**).

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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- 4. Lie, P.P., et al. 2011. Interleukin-1  $\alpha$  is a regulator of the blood-testis barrier. FASEB J. 25: 1244-1253.
- 5. Kolasa, A., et al. 2011. DHT deficiency perturbs the integrity of the rat seminiferous epithelium by disrupting tight and adherens junctions. Folia Histochem. Cytobiol. 49: 62-71.
- Haque, A., et al. 2011. The effect of recombinant E-cadherin substratum on the differentiation of endoderm-derived hepatocyte-like cells from embryonic stem cells. Biomaterials 32: 2032-2042.
- Boulberdaa, M., et al. 2011. Genetic inactivation of prokineticin receptor-1 leads to heart and kidney disorders. Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol. 31: 842-850.
- Su, L., et al. 2011. P-glycoprotein regulates blood-testis barrier dynamics via its effects on the occludin/zonula occludens 1 (ZO-1) protein complex mediated by focal adhesion kinase (FAK). Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 108: 19623-19628.
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