

COX6b2 (P-15): sc-79412

BACKGROUND

The cytochrome c oxidase (COX) family of proteins function as the final electron donor in the respiratory chain to drive a proton gradient across the inner mitochondrial membrane, ultimately resulting in the production of water. The mammalian COX apoenzyme is a dimer, with each monomer consisting of 13 subunits, some of which are mitochondrial and some of which are nuclear. Localized to the intermembrane space, COX6b2 (cytochrome c oxidase subunit 6B2), also known as Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIb isoform 2 and cancer/testis antigen 59, is a 88 amino acid mitochondrial protein that is responsible for joining the 2 COX monomers to form the COX dimer. COX6b2 is specifically expressed in testis and is found to be upregulated in certain cancer cell lines.

REFERENCES

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3. Taanman, J.W., et al. 1991. Identification of three human pseudogenes for subunit VIb of cytochrome c oxidase: a molecular record of gene evolution. *Gene* 102: 237-244.
4. Grossman, L.I., et al. 1997. Nuclear genes for cytochrome c oxidase. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1352: 174-192.
5. Ohtsu, K., et al. 2001. Characterization and expression of the genes for cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIb (COX6b) from rice and *Arabidopsis thaliana*. *Gene* 264: 233-239.
6. Da Cruz, S., et al. 2003. Proteomic analysis of the mouse liver mitochondrial inner membrane. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278: 41566-41571.
7. Hüttemann, M., et al. 2003. Cytochrome c oxidase of mammals contains a testes-specific isoform of subunit VIb—the counterpart to testes-specific cytochrome c? *Mol. Reprod. Dev.* 66: 8-16.
8. Chen, Y.T., et al. 2005. Identification of cancer/testis-antigen genes by massively parallel signature sequencing. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 102: 7940-7945.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cox6b2 (mouse) mapping to 7 A1.

SOURCE

COX6b2 (P-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of COX6b2 of mouse origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-79412 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

COX6b2 (P-15) is recommended for detection of COX6b2 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for COX6b2 siRNA (m): sc-72985, COX6b2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-72985-SH and COX6b2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72985-V.

Molecular Weight of COX6b2: 11 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Esakky, P., et al. 2013. Molecular analysis of cell type-specific gene expression profile during mouse spermatogenesis by laser microdissection and qRT-PCR. *Reprod. Sci.* 20: 238-252.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.