PTPN13LY (N-14): sc-79703



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family of proteins are signaling molecules that regulate processes such as cell growth, cell differentiation, oncogenic transformation and the mitotic cycle. PTPN13LY (PTPN13-like, Y-linked), also known as PRY, PTPN13LY2 or PRY2, is a 147 amino acid protein that localizes to the testis and may function in a similar manner to PTP proteins. The gene encoding PTPN13LY maps to human chromosome Y and is expressed as two alternatively spliced isoforms. Chromosome Y contains approximately 58 million base pairs and houses over 80 genes, many of which are essential for proper sexual development. The Y chromosome is the human sex determining chromosome, necessary for male development and, while deletions or defects in chromosome Y-encoded genes are not lethal, they may greatly impair masculine development and function.

REFERENCES

- Lahn, B.T. and Page, D.C. 1997. Functional coherence of the human Y chromosome. Science 278: 675-680.
- Yen, P.H. 1998. A long-range restriction map of deletion interval 6 of the human Y chromosome: a region frequently deleted in azoospermic males. Genomics 54: 5-12.
- Stouffs, K., et al. 2001. Characterization of the genomic organization, localization and expression of four PRY genes (PRY1, PRY2, PRY3 and PRY4). Mol. Hum. Reprod. 7: 603-610.
- 4. Skaletsky, H., et al. 2003. The male-specific region of the human Y chromosome is a mosaic of discrete sequence classes. Nature 423: 825-837.
- 5. Repping, S., et al. 2004. A family of human Y chromosomes has dispersed throughout northern Eurasia despite a 1.8-Mb deletion in the azoospermia factor c region. Genomics 83: 1046-1052.
- Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2004. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 400019. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- 7. Krausz, C. and Giachini, C. 2007. Genetic risk factors in male infertility. Arch. Androl. 53: 125-133.
- 8. Waters, P.D., et al. 2007. Mammalian sex—origin and evolution of the Y chromosome and SRY. Semin. Cell Dev. Biol. 18: 389-400.
- 9. Wilhelm, D., et al. 2007. Sex determination and gonadal development in mammals. Physiol. Rev. 87: 1-28.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PRY (human) mapping to Yq11.223.

SOURCE

PTPN13LY (N-14) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of PTPN13LY of human origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, ready P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

PTPN13LY (N-14) is recommended for detection of PTPN13LY of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for PTPN13LY siRNA (h): sc-76289, PTPN13LY shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76289-SH and PTPN13LY shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76289-V.

Molecular Weight of PTPN13LY: 17 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **PTPN13LY (H-9):** sc-373748, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to PTPN13LY (N-14).

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com