

IL-1F9 (Y-12): sc-80056

BACKGROUND

IL-1 (interleukin-1) is a cytokine responsible for initiating a variety of activities through the activation of transcription factors, NF κ B and AP-1, thereby promoting host response to injury or infection. The IL-1 superfamily is comprised of several ligands and receptors. IL-1F9, also known as interleukin-1 family member 9 (IL-1 ϵ F9), interleukin-1 homolog 1 (IL-1H1) or interleukin-1 ϵ (IL-1 ϵ), is a secreted ligand belonging to this superfamily. IL-1F9 is highly expressed in skin, stomach, lung and esophagus. IL-1F9 activates the IL-1Rrp2 and IL-1RAcP-dependent pathway leading to NF κ B activation. IL-1F5, another member of the IL-1 superfamily, acts as an antagonist, inhibiting the IL-1F9 response. Similar to other family members, IL-1F9 can be regulated by bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS). Expression of this protein is stimulated by IFN- γ , TNF α and IL-1 β .

REFERENCES

- Smith, D.E., Renshaw, B.R., Ketchum, R.R., Kubin, M., Garka, K.E. and Sims, J.E. 2000. Four new members expand the interleukin-1 superfamily. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275: 1169-1175.
- Debets, R., Timans, J.C., Homey, B., Zurawski, S., Sana, T.R., Lo, S., Wagner, J., Edwards, G., Clifford, T., Menon, S., Bazan, J.F. and Kastelein, R.A. 2001. Two novel IL-1 family members, IL-1 δ and IL-1 ϵ , function as an antagonist and agonist of NF κ B activation through the orphan IL-1 receptor-related protein 2. *J. Immunol.* 167: 1440-1446.
- Gao, W., Kumar, S., Lotze, M.T., Hanning, C., Robbins, P.D. and Gambotto, A. 2002. Innate immunity mediated by the cytokine IL-1 homologue 4 (IL-1H4/IL-1F7) induces IL-12-dependent adaptive and profound antitumor immunity. *J. Immunol.* 170: 107-113.
- Bergl \ddot{o} f, E., Andre, R., Renshaw, B.R., Allan, S.M., Lawrence, C.B., Rothwell, N.J. and Pinteaux, E. 2003. IL-1Rrp2 expression and IL-1F9 (IL-1H1) actions in brain cells. *J. Neuroimmunol.* 139: 36-43.
- Towne, J.E., Garka, K.E., Renshaw, B.R., Virca, G.D. and Sims, J.E. 2004. Interleukin (IL)-1F6, IL-1F8, and IL-1F9 signal through IL-1Rrp2 and IL-1RAcP to activate the pathway leading to NF κ B and MAPKs. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 13677-13688.
- Vos, J.B., van Sterkenburg, M.A., Rabe, K.F., Schalkwijk, J., Hiemstra, P.S. and Datson, N.A. 2005. Transcriptional response of bronchial epithelial cells to *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*: identification of early mediators of host defense. *Physiol. Genomics* 21: 324-336.
- Burger, D., Dayer, J.M., Palmer, G. and Gabay, C. 2006. Is IL-1 a good therapeutic target in the treatment of arthritis? *Best Pract. Res. Clin. Rheumatol.* 20: 879-896.
- Barksby, H.E., Lea, S.R., Preshaw, P.M. and Taylor, J.J. 2007. The expanding family of interleukin-1 cytokines and their role in destructive inflammatory disorders. *Clin. Exp. Immunol.* 149: 217-225.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IL36G (human) mapping to 2q13.

SOURCE

IL-1F9 (Y-12) is a rat monoclonal antibody raised against full length recombinant IL-1F9 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgG_{2a} in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and protein stabilizer.

APPLICATIONS

IL-1F9 (Y-12) is recommended for detection of IL-1F9 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for IL-1F9 siRNA (h): sc-72176, IL-1F9 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72176-SH and IL-1F9 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72176-V.

Molecular Weight of IL-1F9: 20 kDa.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Eichten, A., Su, J., Adler, A.P., Zhang, L., Ioffe, E., Parveen, A.A., Yancopoulos, G.D., Rudge, J., Lowy, I., Lin, H.C., MacDonald, D., Daly, C., Duan, X. and Thurston, G. 2016. Resistance to anti-VEGF therapy mediated by autocrine IL-6/STAT3 signaling and overcome by IL-6 blockade. *Cancer Res.* 76: 2327-2339.
- Liang, Y., Xing, X., Beamer, M.A., Swindell, W.R., Sarkar, M.K., Roberts, L.W., Voorhees, J.J., Kahlenberg, J.M., Harms, P.W., Johnston, A. and Gudjonsson, J.E. 2016. Six-transmembrane epithelial antigens of the prostate comprise a novel inflammatory nexus in patients with pustular skin disorders. *J. Allergy Clin. Immunol.* 139: 1217-1227.
- Hughes, T.K., Wadsworth, M.H., Gierahn, T.M., Do, T., Weiss, D., Andrade, P.R., Ma, F., de Andrade Silva, B.J., Shao, S., Tsoi, L.C., Ordovas-Montanes, J., Gudjonsson, J.E., Modlin, R.L., Love, J.C. and Shalek, A.K. 2020. Second-strand synthesis-based massively parallel scRNA-seq reveals cellular states and molecular features of human inflammatory skin pathologies. *Immunity* 53: 878-894.

STORAGE

For immediate and continuous use, store at 4 $^{\circ}$ C for up to one month. For sporadic use, freeze in working aliquots in order to avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. If turbidity is evident upon prolonged storage, clarify solution by centrifugation.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.