IFI-16 (1G7): sc-8023



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Interferon-inducible proteins include IFI-202, IFI-203, IFI-204 and D3, and are encoded by six or more structurally related and IFN-inducible mouse genes mapping at the q21-q23 region of chromosome 1. The proteins encoded by these genes have homologous 200 amino acid segments. IFI-202 is a primarily nuclear phosphoprotein which inhibits cell growth, in part by modulating transcriptional activity of NF κ B, E2F, AP-1 and p53. Two related human proteins, MNDA (myeloid cell nuclear differentiation antigen) and IFI-16, have also been described. Expression of MNDA has been observed specifically in cells of the granulocyte-macrophage lineage. IFI-16 is constitutively expressed in various T and B cell lines and can be induced by IFN- γ in HL-60 cells. At least four of the gene-200 cluster of IFN-inducible proteins, IFI-202, IFI-204, MNDA and IFI-16, are localized in the nucleus.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IFI16 (human) mapping to 1g23.1.

SOURCE

IFI-16 (1G7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-159 mapping at the N-terminus of IFI-16 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \ lgG_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

IFI-16 (1G7) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-8023 AC), 500 $\mu g/0.25$ ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-8023 HRP), 200 $\mu g/ml$, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-8023 PE), fluorescein (sc-8023 FITC), Alexa Fluor 488 (sc-8023 AF488), Alexa Fluor 546 (sc-8023 AF546), Alexa Fluor 554 (sc-8023 AF594) or Alexa Fluor 647 (sc-8023 AF647), 200 $\mu g/ml$, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor 680 (sc-8023 AF680) or Alexa Fluor 790 (sc-8023 AF790), 200 $\mu g/ml$, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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APPLICATIONS

IFI-16 (1G7) is recommended for detection of IFI-16 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for IFI-16 siRNA (h): sc-35633, IFI-16 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35633-SH and IFI-16 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35633-V.

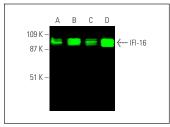
Molecular Weight of IFI-16: 85-95 kDa.

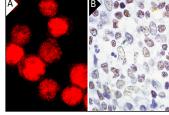
Positive Controls: BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207, Jurkat nuclear extract: sc-2132 or HuT 78 whole cell lysate: sc-2208.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA





IFI-16 (1G7): sc-8023. Near-infrared western blot analysis of IFI-16 expression in BJAB (**A**), HuT 78 (**B**) and MOLT-4 (**C**) whole cell lysates and Jurkat nuclear extract (**D**). Blocked with UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214. Detection reagent used: m-lgGk BP-CFL 680: sc-516180.

IFI-16 (1G7): sc-8023. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed BJAB cells showing nuclear localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded normal human tonsil cells showing nuclear localization (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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- 3. Cuchet-Lourenço, D., et al. 2013. The viral ubiquitin ligase ICPO is neither sufficient nor necessary for degradation of the cellular DNA sensor IFI16 during herpes simplex virus 1 infection. J. Virol. 87: 13422-13432.
- Chiliveru, S., et al. 2014. Inflammatory cytokines break down intrinsic immunological tolerance of human primary keratinocytes to cytosolic DNA. J. Immunol. 192: 2395-2404.
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- 8. Dunphy, G., et al. 2018. Non-canonical activation of the DNA sensing adaptor STING by ATM and IFI16 mediates NF κ B signaling after nuclear DNA damage. Mol. Cell 71: 745-760.
- 9. Maekawa, H., et al. 2019. Mitochondrial damage causes inflammation via cGAS-STING signaling in acute kidney injury. Cell Rep. 29: 1261.e6-1273.e6.
- Massa, D., et al. 2020. PYHIN1 regulates pro-inflammatory cytokine induction rather than innate immune DNA sensing in airway epithelial cells. J. Biol. Chem. 295: 4438-4450.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.