β-Amyloid (19B8): sc-80635



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Proteolytic cleavage of the Amyloid protein precursor (APP) gives rise to the β -Amyloid and Amyloid A4 proteins, which are present in human platelets. Amyloid deposition is associated with type II diabetes, Down syndrome and a variety of neurological disorders, including Alzheimer's disease. The Amyloid precursor protein (APP) undergoes alternative splicing, resulting in several isoforms. Proteolytic cleavage of APP leads to the formation of the Amyloid β /A4 Amyloid protein. This protein is involved in the formation of neurofibrillary tangles and plaques that characterize the senile plaques of Alzheimer's patients. APLP1 (Amyloid precursor-like protein 1) and APLP2 are structurally similar to APP. Human APLP2 is a membrane-bound sperm protein that contains a region highly homologous to the transmembrane-cytoplasmic domains of APP found in brain plaques of Alzheimer's disease patients.

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STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: APP (human) mapping to 21q21.3.

SOURCE

 β -Amyloid (1988) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 5-16 of β -Amyloid coupled to S3 and epinephrine of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g \; lg G_{2a}$ in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

 β -Amyloid (19B8) is recommended for detection of β -Amyloid of human origin by solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for APP siRNA (h): sc-29677, APP shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29677-SH and APP shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29677-V.

Molecular Weight of β-Amyloid: 4-46 kDa.

Molecular Weight of Amyloid A4: 100-125 kDa.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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