



Klebsiella (73/28): sc-80859

BACKGROUND

Klebsiella represents a genus of bacteria within the family *Enterobacteriaceae*. *Klebsiella* bacteria are Gram-negative, non-motile, encapsulated, lactose-fermenting, facultatively anaerobic, rod-shaped microbes found in the normal flora of the mouth, skin and GI tract. Members of the *Klebsiella* genus usually express two types of antigens on their cell surface. The first is O antigen, a lipopolysaccharide that contains 77 varieties. The second is the K agent, a capsular polysaccharide with nine varieties. Both O antigen and K agent contribute to pathogenicity of *Klebsiella* and form the basis for sub-typing in this genus. *Klebsiella* possesses a chromosomal class A β -lactamase, giving it inherent resistance to ampicillin, though it is generally sensitive to aminoglycosides and cephalosporins. *Klebsiella* contains seven species, including *K. ozaenae*, *K. rhinoscleromatis* and *K. pneumoniae*, which can cause bacterial pneumonia, urinary tract and wound infections.

REFERENCES

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STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

SOURCE

Klebsiella (73/28) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against antiive *K. aerogenes*.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgG_{2a} in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Klebsiella (73/28) is recommended for detection of *Klebsiella* by immuno-fluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgG-FITC: sc-2010 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgG-TR: sc-2781 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.