# MIST1 (6E8): sc-80984



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

MIST1 (muscle, intestine and stomach expression 1), also known as bHLHB8 (basic helix-loop-helix domain containing, class B, 8), is a 189 amino acid nuclear protein expressed in liver, brain, skeletal muscle and spleen. MIST1 contains a basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) domain and belongs to the bHLH family of transcription factors. Members of this family bind to the E-box motifs present in the promoter or enhancer regions of a variety of developmentally regulated genes and function as either transcriptional activators or transcriptional repressors. MIST1 is capable of binding to E-box motifs as a homodimer or a heterodimer with E-proteins (E12 and E47) and is believed to play a role regulating the transcriptional activity of MyoD, a protein involved in the regulation of muscle cell development. More specifically, MIST1 functions as a repressor of MyoD activity, ensuring that myoblast populations do not differentiate. In addition, MIST1 is expressed in mammary epithelial cells and is essential for the regulation of mammary gland development.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Bhlha15 (mouse) mapping to 5 G2.

#### SOURCE

MIST1 (6E8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 175-197 corresponding to the C-terminus of MIST1 of mouse origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \ lgG_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

MIST1 (6E8) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-80984 AC), 500  $\mu g/0.25$  ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-80984 HRP), 200  $\mu g/ml$ , for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-80984 PE), fluorescein (sc-80984 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-80984 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-80984 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-80984 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-80984 AF647), 200  $\mu g/ml$ , for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-80984 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-80984 AF790), 200  $\mu g/ml$ , for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

# **APPLICATIONS**

MIST1 (6E8) is recommended for detection of MIST1 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for MIST1 siRNA (m): sc-108000, MIST1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-108000-SH and MIST1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-108000-V.

Molecular Weight of MIST1: 22 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse pancreas extract: sc-364244.

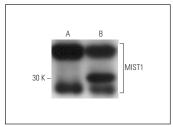
# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

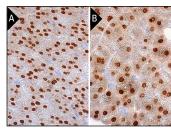
#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **DATA**



MIST1 (6E8): sc-80984. Western blot analysis of MIST1 expression in MIST1KO mouse (**A**) and MIST1WT mouse (**B**) pancreas tissue extracts. Kindly provided by Daniel DiRenzo and Stephen Konieczny, Purdue I Iniversity.



MIST1 (6E8): sc-80984. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded rat pancreas (A) and mouse pancreas (B) tissue showing nuclear staining of exocrine glandular cells.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- King, S.L., et al. 2013. Paneth cells expand from newly created and preexisting cells during repair after doxorubicin-induced damage. Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver Physiol. 305: G151-G162.
- 2. Prévot, P.P., et al. 2013. Let-7b and miR-495 stimulate differentiation and prevent metaplasia of pancreatic acinar cells by repressing HNF6. Gastroenterology 145: 668-678.e3.
- 3. Chung, W.C., et al. 2019. Downregulation of Notch signaling in Krasinduced gastric metaplasia. Neoplasia 21: 810-821.
- Murakami, S., et al. 2019. A Yap-Myc-Sox2-p53 regulatory network dictates metabolic homeostasis and differentiation in Kras-driven pancreatic ductal adenocarcinomas. Dev. Cell 51: 113-128.e9.
- Dekaney, C.M., et al. 2019. MIST1 expression is required for paneth cell maturation. Cell. Mol. Gastroenterol. Hepatol. 8: 549-560.
- 6. Teles Silva, M., et al. 2019. Immediate and late effects of early weaning on rat gastric cell differentiation. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 21: 196.
- 7. Messal, H.A., et al. 2021. Antigen retrieval and clearing for whole-organ immunofluorescence by FLASH. Nat. Protoc. 16: 239-262.
- 8. Tran, O.N., et al. 2022. Organ-specific extracellular matrix directs *trans*-differentiation of mesenchymal stem cells and formation of salivary gland-like organoids *in vivo*. Stem Cell Res. Ther. 13: 306.
- 9. Chen, Q., et al. 2023. Involvement of aberrant acinar cell proliferation in scopolamine-induced dry eye mice. Exp. Eye Res. 227: 109391.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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