SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Akt2 (8B7): sc-81436



BACKGROUND

The serine/threonine kinase Akt family contains several members, including Akt1 (also designated PKB or RacPK), Akt2 (also designated PKBβ or RacPK-β) and Akt3 (also designated PKBy or thyoma viral proto-oncogene 3), which exhibit sequence homology with the protein kinase A and C families and are encoded by the c-Akt proto-oncogene. All members of the Akt family have a Pleckstrin homology domain. Akt1 and Akt2 are activated by PDGF stimulation. This activation is dependent on PDGFR- β tyrosine residues 740 and 751, which bind the subunit of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI 3-kinase) complex. Activation of Akt1 by Insulin or Insulin-growth factor-I (IGF-I) results in phosphorylation of both Thr 308 and Ser 473. Akt proteins become phosphorylated and activated in Insulin/IGF-I-stimulated cells by an upstream kinase(s), and the activation of Akt1 and Akt2 is inhibited by the PI kinase inhibitor Wort-mannin. Taken together, this data strongly suggests that the protein signals downstream of the PI kinases. Akt3 is phosphorylated on a serine residue in response to Insulin, and this activation is inhibited by prior activation of protein kinase C. Akt3 is expressed in 3T3-L1 fibroblasts, adipocytes and skeletal muscle and may be involved in various biological processes, including adipocyte and muscle differentiation, glycogen synthesis, glucose uptake, apoptosis and cellular proliferation.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AKT2 (human) mapping to 19q13.2; Akt2 (mouse) mapping to 7 A3.

SOURCE

Akt2 (8B7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 107-123 of Akt2 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 50 μ g lgG_{2a} in 0.5 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide, 0.1% gelatin, PEG and sucrose.

APPLICATIONS

Akt2 (8B7) is recommended for detection of Akt2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Akt2 siRNA (h): sc-29197, Akt2 siRNA (m): sc-38910, Akt2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29197-SH, Akt2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38910-SH, Akt2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29197-V and Akt2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38910-V.

Molecular Weight of Akt2: 56 kDa.

Positive Controls: Akt2 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-126407, A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201 or Akt2 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-116831.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

DATA





expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and

Akt2 (8B7): sc-81436. Western blot analysis of Akt2 expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (A), human Akt2 transfected 293T: sc-116831 (B) and A-431 (C) whole cell lysates

mouse Akt2 transfected: sc-126407 (B) 293T whole cell lysates

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Wang, H.Y., et al. 2011. Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation enhances BDNF-TrkB signaling in both brain and lymphocyte. J. Neurosci. 31: 11044-11054.
- 2. Grabinski, N., et al. 2011. Distinct functional roles of Akt isoforms for proliferation, survival, migration and EGF-mediated signalling in lung cancer derived disseminated tumor cells. Cell. Signal. 23: 1952-1960.
- 3. Grabinski, N., et al. 2012. Combined targeting of Akt and mTOR synergistically inhibits proliferation of hepatocellular carcinoma cells. Mol. Cancer 11:85.
- 4. Riaz, A., et al. 2012. Receptor-specific mechanisms regulate phosphorylation of Akt at Ser473: role of RICTOR in *β*1 integrin-mediated cell survival. PLoS ONE 7: e32081.
- 5. Xiang, R.F., et al. 2016. Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate (Rac) and Src family kinases (SFK) are proximal and essential for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) activation in natural killer (NK) cell-mediated direct cytotoxicity against Cryptococcus neoformans. J. Biol. Chem. 291: 6912-6922.
- 6. Halon-Golabek, M., et al. 2018. hmSOD1 gene mutation-induced disturbance in iron metabolism is mediated by impairment of Akt signalling pathway. J. Cachexia Sarcopenia Muscle 9: 557-569.
- 7. Andelova, K., et al. 2022. Cardiac Cx43 signaling is enhanced and TGF-β1/ SMAD2/3 suppressed in response to cold acclimation and modulated by thyroid status in hairless SHR^M. Biomedicines 10: 1707.
- 8. Sun, M., et al. 2022. SR protein kinases regulate the splicing of cardiomyopathy-relevant genes via phosphorylation of the RSRSP stretch in RBM20. Genes 13: 1526.



See Akt2 (F-7): sc-5270 for Akt2 antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor® 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.