SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

α T-catenin (212): sc-81794



BACKGROUND

The catenins (α , β , γ and δ) are ubiquitously expressed, cytoplasmic proteins that associate with E-cadherin at cellular junctions. Catenin/cadherin complexes play an important role in mediating cellular adhesion. α T-catenin, also referred to as VR22, is a 895 amino acid protein that is most abundantally expressed in cardiomyocytes and in the peritubular myoid cells of the testis. α T-catenin binds to α E-catenin as well as to β -catenin, and it functions to inhibit Wnt signaling. CTNNA3, the gene that encodes for α T-catenin, is located on chromosome 10, and mutations in this gene show a strong correlation to late-onset Alzheimer's disease (LOAD) as well as to dilated cardiomyopathy.

REFERENCES

- Ertekin-Taner, N., et al. 2000. Linkage of plasma Aβ42 to a quantitative locus on chromosome 10 in late-onset Alzheimer's disease pedigrees. Science 290: 2303-2304.
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- 3. Ertekin-Taner, N., et al. 2003. Fine mapping of the α T-catenin gene to a quantitative trait locus on chromosome 10 in late-onset Alzheimer's disease pedigrees. Hum. Mol. Genet. 12: 3133-3143.
- 4. Janssens, B., et al. 2003. Assessment of the CTNNA3 gene encoding human α T-catenin regarding its involvement in dilated cardiomyopathy. Hum. Genet. 112: 227-236.
- 5. Blomqvist, M.E., et al. 2004. Genetic variation in CTNNA3 encoding α 3-catenin and Alzheimer's disease. Neurosci. Lett. 358: 220-222.
- 6. Busby, V., et al. 2004. α T-catenin is expressed in human brain and interacts with the Wnt signaling pathway but is not responsible for linkage to chromosome 10 in Alzheimer's disease. Neuromolecular Med. 5: 133-146.
- 7. Martin, E.R., et al. 2005. Interaction between the α T-catenin gene (VR22) and APOE in Alzheimer's disease. J. Med. Genet. 42: 787-792.
- Kuwano, R., et al. 2006. Dynamin-binding protein gene on chromosome 10q is associated with late-onset Alzheimer's disease. Hum. Mol. Genet. 15: 2170-2182.
- Lin, P.I., et al. 2006. Parsing the genetic heterogeneity of chromosome 12q susceptibility genes for Alzheimer disease by family-based association analysis. Neurogenetics 7: 157-165.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CTNNA3 (human) mapping to 10q21.3.

SOURCE

 α T-catenin (212) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant α T-catenin of human origin.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g\, lg G_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

 α T-catenin (212) is recommended for detection of α T-catenin of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for α T-catenin siRNA (h): sc-61904, α T-catenin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-61904-SH and α T-catenin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61904-V.

Molecular Weight of α T-catenin: 100 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

DATA

175 K –		
83 K –	_	····· α T-catenin
62 K –		
48 K –		
33 K –		

 α T-catenin (212): sc-81794. Western blot analysis of α T-catenin expression in Hep G2 whole cell lysate.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.