

KKIALRE (SS-04): sc-81839

BACKGROUND

The activation of signal transduction pathways by growth factors, hormones and neurotransmitters is mediated by the MAP kinases ERK 1 and ERK 2. ERK proteins are regulated by dual phosphorylation at specific tyrosine and threonine sites mapping within a characteristic Thr-Glu-Tyr motif. The protein kinase p56 KKIAMRE is distantly related to the MAP kinase group of proteins and is closely related to p42 KKIALRE. KKIAMRE is predominantly expressed in testis, kidney, brain and lung. KKIAMRE contains the conserved MAP kinase dual phosphorylation motif in the sequence Thr-Asp-Tyr and is activated by treatment of cells by EGF. However, unlike other MAP kinases, the EGF-stimulated kinase activity does not require phosphorylation of KKIAMRE and KKIALRE in the Thr-Asp-Tyr motif.

REFERENCES

1. Boulton, T.G., et al. 1991. Identification of multiple extracellular signal-related kinases (ERKs) with antipeptide antibodies. *Cell Regul.* 2: 357-371.
2. Bouton, T.G., et al. 1991. ERKs: a family of protein-serine/threonine kinases that are activated and tyrosine phosphorylated in response to Insulin and NGF. *Cell* 65: 663-675.
3. Crews, C.M., et al. 1992. Purification of a murine protein-tyrosine/threonine kinase that phosphorylates and activates the ERK 1 gene product: relationship to the fission yeast byr1 gene product. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89: 8205-8209.
4. Crews, C.M., et al. 1992. The primary structure of MEK, a protein kinase that phosphorylates the ERK gene product. *Science* 258: 478-480.
5. Meyerson, M., et al. 1992. A family of human Cdc2-related protein kinases. *EMBO J.* 11: 2909-2917.
6. Taglienti, C.A., et al. 1996. Molecular cloning of the epidermal growth factor-stimulated protein kinase p56 KKIAMRE. *Oncogene* 13: 2563-2574.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CDKL1 (human) mapping to 14q21.3.

SOURCE

KKIALRE (SS-04) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant KKIALRE of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 50 µg IgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 0.5 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

KKIALRE (SS-04) is recommended for detection of KKIALRE p42 of human origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for KKIALRE siRNA (h): sc-37580, KKIALRE shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37580-SH and KKIALRE shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37580-V.

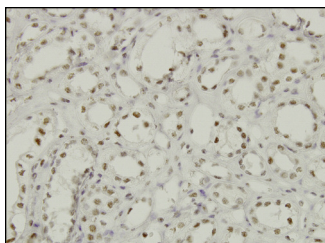
Molecular Weight of KKIALRE: 40-52 kDa.

Positive Controls: human kidney extract: sc-363764.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



KKIALRE (SS-04): sc-81839. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human kidney tissue showing nuclear localization.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.