# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# PHYH (Y-14): sc-82023



#### BACKGROUND

PHYH (phytanoyl-CoA 2-hydroxylase), also known as RD, LN1, PAHX or LNAP1, is a 338 amino acid protein that localizes to the peroxisome and plays an important role in fatty acid metabolism. Expressed in kidney, liver and T cells, PHYH uses iron and ascorbate as cofactors to catalyze the conversion of phytanoyl-CoA to 2-hydroxyphytanoyl-CoA, a reaction that is involved in the  $\alpha$ -oxidation of 3-methyl branched fatty acids. Defects in the gene encoding PHYH are associated with Refsum disease (RD), an autosomal recessive disorder that is characterized by retinitis pigmentosa, peripheral neuropathy, cerebellar ataxia, nerve deafness, anosmia, skeletal abnormalities, ichthyosis, cataracts and cardiac impairment, all of which usually develop during the second or third decade of life.

#### REFERENCES

- Jansen, G.A., et al. 1997. Phytanoyl-coenzyme A hydroxylase deficiency– the enzyme defect in Refsum's disease. N. Engl. J. Med. 337: 133-134.
- Mihalik, S.J., et al. 1997. Identification of PAHX, a Refsum disease gene. Nat. Genet. 17: 185-189.
- Jansen, G.A., et al. 1999. Phytanoyl-CoA hydroxylase deficiency. Enzymological and molecular basis of classical Refsum disease. Adv. Exp. Med. Biol. 466: 371-376.
- Mukherji, M., et al. 2001. Structure-function analysis of phytanoyl-CoA 2-hydroxylase mutations causing Refsum's disease. Hum. Mol. Genet. 10: 1971-1982.
- Kee, H.J., et al. 2003. A novel murine long-chain acyl-CoA synthetase expressed in brain participates in neuronal cell proliferation. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 305: 925-933.
- Foulon, V., et al. 2003. Further studies on the substrate spectrum of phytanoyl-CoA hydroxylase: implications for Refsum disease? J. Lipid Res. 44: 2349-2355.
- Jansen, G.A., et al. 2004. Molecular basis of Refsum disease: sequence variations in phytanoyl-CoA hydroxylase (PHYH) and the PTS2 receptor (PEX7). Hum. Mutat. 23: 209-218.
- McDonough, M.A., et al. 2005. Structure of human phytanoyl-CoA 2hydroxylase identifies molecular mechanisms of Refsum disease. J. Biol. Chem. 280: 41101-41110.
- Searls, T., et al. 2005. Studies on the specificity of unprocessed and mature forms of phytanoyl-CoA 2-hydroxylase and mutation of the iron binding ligands. J. Lipid Res. 46: 1660-1667.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PHYH (human) mapping to 10p13; Phyh (mouse) mapping to 2 A1.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# SOURCE

PHYH (Y-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of PHYH of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-82023 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

PHYH (Y-14) is recommended for detection of PHYH of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for PHYH siRNA (h): sc-76127, PHYH siRNA (m): sc-76128, PHYH shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76127-SH, PHYH shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-76128-SH, PHYH shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76127-V and PHYH shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76128-V.

Molecular Weight of PHYH: 36 kDa.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.