SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

PARP-15 (T-19): sc-82975



BACKGROUND

Poly(ADP-ribosylation) is a method of DNA damage-dependent posttranslational modification that helps to rescue injured proliferating cells from cell death. The PARP (poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase) proteins comprise a superfamily of enzymes that functionally modify histones and other nuclear proteins, thereby preventing cell death. PARPs use NAD+ as a substrate to catalytically transfer ADPribose residues onto protein acceptors; a process that, when repeated multiple times, leads to the formation of poly(ADP-ribose) chains on the protein. The presence of these chains alters the function of the target protein and promotes cell survival. PARP proteins are implicated in a variety of diseases, including cancer and both neurodegenerative and inflammatory disorders. PARP-15, also known as BAL3, is a 656 amino acid nuclear protein containing 2 macro domains and a PARP catalytic domain. Considered a transcriptional repressor, PARP-15 exists as two isoforms produced by alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

- 1. Hans, M.A., et al. 1999. Overexpression of dominant negative PARP interferes with tumor formation of HeLa cells in nude mice: evidence for increased tumor cell apoptosis in vivo. Oncogene 18: 7010-7015.
- 2. Aguiar, R.C., et al. 2005. B-aggressive lymphoma family proteins have unique domains that modulate transcription and exhibit poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase activity. J. Biol. Chem. 280: 33756-33765.
- 3. Chou, H.Y., et al. 2006. CDK-dependent activation of poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase member 10 (PARP-10). J. Biol. Chem. 281: 15201-15207.
- 4. Goenka, S., et al. 2007. Collaborator of Stat6 (CoaSt6)-associated poly(ADPribose) polymerase activity modulates Stat6-dependent gene transcription. J. Biol. Chem. 282: 18732-18739.
- 5. Liu, X., et al. 2008. Poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase activity regulates apoptosis in HeLa cells after alkylating DNA damage. Cancer Biol. Ther. 7: 934-941.
- 6. Elser, M., et al. 2008. Poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase 1 promotes tumor cell survival by coactivating hypoxia-inducible factor-1-dependent gene expression. Mol. Cancer Res. 6: 282-290.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PARP15 (human) mapping to 3q21.1.

SOURCE

PARP-15 (T-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of PARP-15 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-82975 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-82975 X, 200 µg/0.1 ml.

APPLICATIONS

PARP-15 (T-19) is recommended for detection of PARP-15 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other PARP family members.

Suitable for use as control antibody for PARP-15 siRNA (h): sc-76058, PARP-15 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76058-SH and PARP-15 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76058-V.

PARP-15 (T-19) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

Molecular Weight of PARP-15: 73 kDa.

Positive Controls: A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201, Raji whole cell lysate: sc-364236 or Ramos cell lysate: sc-2216.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



PARP-15 (T-19); sc-82975. Western blot analysis of PARP-15 expression in A-431 (A), Raji (B), Ramos (C) and A2058 (D) whole cell lysates and Hep G2 nuclear extract (E)

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.