# EXOSC8 (N-16): sc-84108



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The exosome is a multisubunit complex of 3' to 5' exoribonucleases. It is involved in a variety of cellular processes and is responsible for degrading unstable mRNAs that contain AU-rich elements in their untranslated 3' region. EXOSC8 (exosome component 8), also known as p9, CIP3 (CBP-interacting protein 3), EAP2, OIP2 (Opa-interacting protein 2), RRP43 (ribosomal RNA-processing protein 43) or Rrp43p, is a component of the exosome multienzyme ribonuclease complex. It belongs to the RNase PH family and localizes to the nucleolus. EXOSC8 is one of the six RNase-PH domain subunits of the exosome. Together, these six subunits form a PNPase-like ring. EXOSC8 is required for the processing of the 7S pre-RNA. In addition to its numerous interactions with other proteins, EXOSC8 can also interact with itself.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: EXOSC8 (human) mapping to 13q13.3; Exosc8 (mouse) mapping to 3  $\rm C$ .

## **SOURCE**

EXOSC8 (N-16) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of EXOSC8 of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-84108 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

EXOSC8 (N-16) is recommended for detection of EXOSC8 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

EXOSC8 (N-16) is also recommended for detection of EXOSC8 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for EXOSC8 siRNA (h): sc-105341, EXOSC8 siRNA (m): sc-144980, EXOSC8 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-105341-SH, EXOSC8 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-144980-SH, EXOSC8 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105341-V and EXOSC8 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-144980-V.

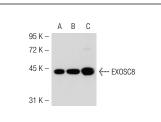
Molecular Weight of EXOSC8: 32-36 kDa.

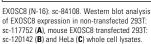
Positive Controls: EXOSC8 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-120142, Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

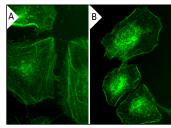
#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## **DATA**







EXOSC8 (N-16): sc-84108. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing nuclear and membrane localization (A). Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed Hep G2 cells showing nuclear and membrane localization (B).

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **EXOSC8 (H-8):** sc-393027 or **EXOSC8 (2336C2b):** sc-81561, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to EXOSC8 (N-16).

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