

GSH-1 (P-16): sc-84295

BACKGROUND

Growth hormone-releasing hormone (GHRH) stimulates secretion and synthesis of growth hormone (GH), causes somatotroph proliferation and may have direct actions in fetal/placental development, reproduction and immune function. It exerts its action through high-affinity GHRH receptors present in the anterior pituitary. GSH-1 (GS homeobox 1) is a 264 amino acid hypothalamic nuclear protein that functions as a transcription factor responsible for maintaining GHRH expression as well as playing an important role in pituitary development. Coexpression of CBP leads to significantly enhanced GSH-1-induced GHRH expression, which suggest that CBP may function as a co-activator. Knockdown of GSH-1 mRNA in mice causes a dwarf phenotype, which suggests that certain cases of familial dwarfism may be caused by a mutation of the GSH-1 gene.

REFERENCES

1. Mayo, K.E., et al. 1983. Expression-cloning and sequence of a cDNA encoding human growth hormone-releasing factor. *Nature* 306: 86-88.
2. Mayo, K.E., et al. 1985. Gene encoding human growth hormone-releasing factor precursor: structure, sequence, and chromosomal assignment. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 82: 63-67.
3. Boncinelli, E., et al. 1993. Homeobox genes in the developing central nervous system. *Ann. Genet.* 36: 30-37.
4. Valerius, M.T., et al. 1995. GSH-1: a novel murine homeobox gene expressed in the central nervous system. *Dev. Dyn.* 203: 337-351.
5. Deschet, K., et al. 1998. Expression domains of the medaka (*Oryzias latipes*) Ol-Gsh 1 gene are reminiscent of those of clustered and orphan homeobox genes. *Dev. Genes Evol.* 208: 235-244.
6. Li, H., et al. 1999. Novel strategy yields candidate GSH-1 homeobox gene targets using hypothalamus progenitor cell lines. *Dev. Biol.* 211: 64-76.
7. Mutsuga, N., et al. 2001. Homeobox protein GSH-1-dependent regulation of the rat GHRH gene promoter. *Mol. Endocrinol.* 15: 2149-2156.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GSX1 (human) mapping to 13q12.2; Gsx1 (mouse) mapping to 5 G3.

SOURCE

GSH-1 (P-16) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of GSH-1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-84295 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-84295 X, 100 µg/0.1 ml.

APPLICATIONS

GSH-1 (P-16) is recommended for detection of GSH-1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

GSH-1 (P-16) is also recommended for detection of GSH-1 in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for GSH-1 siRNA (h): sc-75206, GSH-1 siRNA (m): sc-145803, GSH-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-75206-SH, GSH-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-145803-SH, GSH-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-75206-V and GSH-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-145803-V.

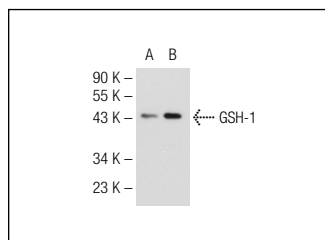
GSH-1 (P-16) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

Molecular Weight (predicted) of GSH-1: 28 kDa.

Molecular Weight (observed) of GSH-1: 34 kDa.

Positive Controls: GSH-1 (h): 293 Lysate: sc-159279.

DATA



GSH-1 (P-16): sc-84295. Western blot analysis of GSH-1 expression in non-transfected: sc-110760 (A) and human GSH-1 transfected: sc-159279 (B) 293 whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.