

Geminin (M-16): sc-8450

BACKGROUND

Geminin is a nuclear protein that regulates the initiation of DNA replication during the cell cycle. DNA replication requires the coordinated association of Cdc6 and minichromosome maintenance (MCM) proteins with chromatin. Geminin blocks this assembly of MCM into the prereplication complex and, in turn, prevents replication from occurring. Expression of geminin fluctuates throughout the cell cycle with geminin levels lowest at G₁. Throughout S, G₂ and M phases, Geminin levels are consistently elevated followed by a decrease during mitosis. The initiation of DNA replication is dependent on the degradation of Geminin during mitosis and the absence of Geminin throughout G₁ phase. Geminin degradation is mediated by the anaphase-promoting complex (APC), which specifically targets B-type cyclins and other proteins containing a destruction box motif for degradation by ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis.

REFERENCES

1. Yu, H., et al. 1996. Identification of a novel ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme involved in mitotic cyclin degradation. *Curr. Biol.* 6: 455-466.
2. Rowles, A., et al. 1997. Chromatin proteins involved in the initiation of DNA replication. *Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev.* 7: 152-157.
3. Liang, C., et al. 1997. Persistent initiation of DNA replication and chromatin-bound MCM proteins during the cell cycle in Cdc6 mutants. *Genes Dev.* 11: 3375-3386.
4. Page, A.M., et al. 1997. The anaphase promoting complex. *Cancer Surv.* 29: 133-150.
5. Kroll, K.L., et al. 1998. Geminin, a neuralizing molecule that demarcates the future neural plate at the onset of gastrulation. *Development* 125: 3247-3258.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GMNN (human) mapping to 6p22.3; Gmnn (mouse) mapping to 13 A3.1.

SOURCE

Geminin (M-16) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of Geminin of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-8450 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE** Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Geminin (M-16) is recommended for detection of Geminin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

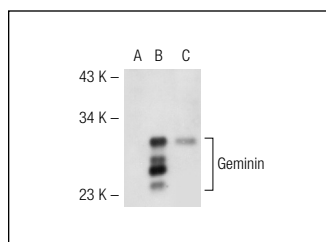
Geminin (M-16) is also recommended for detection of Geminin in additional species, including equine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Geminin siRNA (h): sc-43800, Geminin siRNA (m): sc-108025, Geminin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43800-SH, Geminin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-108025-SH, Geminin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43800-V and Geminin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-108025-V.

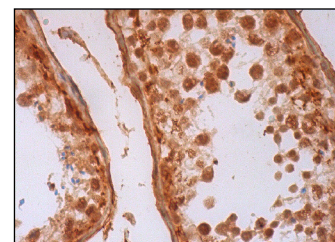
Molecular Weight of Geminin: 35 kDa.

Positive Controls: MM-142 nuclear extract: sc-2139, MM-142 cell lysate: sc-2246 or Geminin (m): 293T Lysate: sc-120468.

DATA



Geminin (M-16): sc-8450. Western blot analysis of Geminin expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (A), mouse Geminin transfected 293T: sc-120468 (B) and MM-142 (C) whole cell lysates.



Geminin (M-16): sc-8450. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human testis tissue showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining of cells in seminiferous ducts and peritubular myoid cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Sawtell, N.M., et al. 2004. Comparison of herpes simplex virus reactivation in ganglia *in vivo* and in explants demonstrates quantitative and qualitative differences. *J. Virol.* 78: 7784-7794.
2. Vecchione, A., et al. 2007. Fez1/Lzts1 absence impairs Cdk1/Cdc25C interaction during mitosis and predisposes mice to cancer development. *Cancer Cell* 11: 275-289.
3. Uno, S., et al. 2011. Efficient expression and purification of human replication fork-stabilizing factor, Claspin, from mammalian cells: DNA-binding activity and novel protein interactions. *Genes Cells* 16: 842-856.

MONOS
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Try **Geminin (F-7): sc-74456** or **Geminin (A-3): sc-74496**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to Geminin (M-16).