# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# LOC390829 (G-20): sc-84895



The Power to Question

#### BACKGROUND

Encoding over 300 genes, chromosome 18 contains about 76 million bases. Trisomy 18, or Edwards syndrome, is the second most common trisomy after Downs syndrome. Symptoms of Edwards syndrome include low birth weight, a variety of physical development defects, heart deformations and breathing difficulty. Translocation between chromosome 18 and 14 is the most common translocation in cancers, and occurs in follicular lymphomas. Niemann-Pick disease, hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia and erythropoietic protoporphyria are associated with chromosome 18. The TGF $\beta$  modulators, Smad2, Smad4 and Smad7 are encoded by chromosome 18. The LOC390829 gene product has been provisionally designated LOC390829 pending further characterization.

# REFERENCES

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- Petek, E., et al. 2003. Characterisation of a 19-year-old "long-term survivor" with Edwards syndrome. Genet. Couns. 14: 239-244.
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- Grosso, S., et al. 2005. Chromosome 18 aberrations and epilepsy: a review. Am. J. Med. Genet. A 134: 88-94.
- Aurizi, C., et al. 2007. Heterogeneity of mutations in the ferrochelatase gene in Italian patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria. Mol. Genet. Metab. 90: 402-407.
- Broderick, P., et al. 2007. A genome-wide association study shows that common alleles of Smad7 influence colorectal cancer risk. Nat. Genet. 39: 1315-1317.
- Kamal, A.H. and Prakash, U.B. 2007. Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia. Mayo Clin. Proc. 82: 1364.
- Shovlin, C.L., et al. 2007. Elevated Factor VIII in hereditary haemorrhagic telangiectasia (HHT): Association with venous thromboembolism. Thromb. Haemost. 98: 1031-1039.

## SOURCE

LOC390829 (G-20) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of LOC390829 of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-84895 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### APPLICATIONS

LOC390829 (G-20) is recommended for detection of LOC390829 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

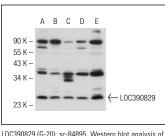
Molecular Weight of LOC390829: 24 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, SH-SY5Y cell lysate: sc-3812 or Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### DATA



LUC390829 (G-20): sc-84895. Western blot analysis o LOC390829 expression in HeLa (A) SH-SY5Y (B), Hep G2 (C), Jurkat (D) and K-562 (E) whole cell lysates.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.