

ZNF663 (E-17): sc-86057

BACKGROUND

Zinc-finger proteins contain DNA-binding domains and have a wide variety of functions, most of which encompass some form of transcriptional activation or repression. The majority of zinc-finger proteins contain a Krüppel-type DNA binding domain and a KRAB domain, which is thought to interact with KAP1, thereby recruiting histone modifying proteins. As a member of the Krüppel C₂H₂-type zinc-finger protein family, ZNF663 (zinc finger protein 663) is a 106 amino acid nuclear protein that contains one C₂H₂-type zinc finger. The gene encoding ZNF663 maps to human chromosome 20, which contains nearly 63 million bases that encode over 600 genes, some of which are associated with Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, spinal muscular atrophy, ring chromosome 20 epilepsy syndrome and Alagille syndrome.

REFERENCES

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2. Thiesen, H.J. 1990. Multiple genes encoding zinc finger domains are expressed in human T cells. *New Biol.* 2: 363-374.
3. Rosenfeld, R., et al. 1993. Zinc fingers: conserved properties that can distinguish between spurious and actual DNA-binding motifs. *J. Biomol. Struct. Dyn.* 11: 557-570.
4. Deloukas, P., et al. 2001. The DNA sequence and comparative analysis of human chromosome 20. *Nature* 414: 865-871.
5. Edelstein, L.C., et al. 2005. The SCAN domain family of zinc finger transcription factors. *Gene* 359: 1-17.
6. Ville, D., et al. 2006. Early pattern of epilepsy in the ring chromosome 20 syndrome. *Epilepsia* 47: 543-549.
7. Lundwall, A. 2007. A locus on chromosome 20 encompassing genes that are highly expressed in the epididymis. *Asian J. Androl.* 9: 540-544.
8. Fan, B.J., et al. 2008. Gene expression profiles of human trabecular meshwork cells induced by triamcinolone and dexamethasone. *Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci.* 49: 1886-1897.
9. Liu, J., et al. 2008. Context-dependent DNA recognition code for C₂H₂ zinc-finger transcription factors. *Bioinformatics* 24: 1850-1857.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ZNF663 (human) mapping to 20q13.12.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

SOURCE

ZNF663 (E-17) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of ZNF663 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-86057 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-86057 X, 100 µg/0.1 ml.

APPLICATIONS

ZNF663 (E-17) is recommended for detection of ZNF663 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other ZNF family members.

ZNF663 (E-17) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

Molecular Weight of ZNF663: 12 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.