



## Ig $\lambda$ Chain V4A (K-12): sc-86148

### BACKGROUND

Antibody producing cells of the immune system require multiple rearrangements of immunoglobulin (Ig) genes. Immunoglobulins are four-chain, Y-shaped, monomeric structures of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains held together through interchain disulfide bonds. Immunoglobulins in vertebrates help to remove non-self molecules or cells (antigens) by recognizing and binding to the antigen and carrying out effector functions that activate the immune system. Variable genetic combinations of the five heavy chain classes (M, D, G, E and A) and the two light chain isotypes,  $\kappa$  and  $\lambda$ , confer the role of an antibody. The variable region genes encoding immunoglobulin  $\kappa$  and  $\lambda$  chains are assembled from three DNA segments, the V, C and J genes. Human  $\kappa$  light chain genes map to chromosome 2 and the human  $\lambda$  light chain genes map to chromosome 22.  $\kappa$  gene recombination can precede  $\lambda$  gene recombination during B cell ontogeny and only a single light chain type is expressed in individual B cells. Antibodies in camels and sharks can lack light chain, suggesting that light chain may not be essential for antigen binding in some vertebrates. Ig  $\lambda$  Chain V4A is a 117 amino acid immunoglobulin region encoded by the IGLV7-43 gene.

### REFERENCES

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### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IGLV7-43 (human) mapping to 22q11.2.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### SOURCE

Ig  $\lambda$  Chain V4A (K-12) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Ig  $\lambda$  Chain V4A of human origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu$ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-86148 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### APPLICATIONS

Ig  $\lambda$  Chain V4A (K-12) is recommended for detection of Ig  $\lambda$  Chain V4A of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Ig  $\lambda$  Chain V4A: 12 kDa.

### RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\* Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.