SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Cytospin-A (D-13): sc-86400



BACKGROUND

Chromosome 22 contains over 500 genes and about 49 million bases. Being the second smallest human chromosome 22, contains a surprising variety of interesting genes. Phelan-McDermid syndrome, Neurofibromatosis type 2 and autism are associated with chromosome 22. A schizophrenia susceptibility locus has been identified on chromosome 22 and studies show that 22q11.23 deletion symptoms include a high incidence of schizophrenia. Mapping to chromosome 22, the Cytospin-A gene encodes a 1,117 amino acid protein that contains a CH (calponin-homology) domain, which suggests that it may interact with actin. Cytospin-A, also designated SPECC1-like protein (SPECC1L) and Renal carcinoma antigen NY-REN-22, is thought to play a role in cytokinesis and spindle organization.

REFERENCES

- 1. Gilbert, F. 1998. Disease genes and chromosomes: disease maps of the human genome. Chromosome 22. Genet. Test. 2: 89-97.
- 2. Schwab, S.G. and Wildenauer, D.B. 1999. Chromosome 22 workshop report. Am. J. Med. Genet. 88: 276-278.
- 3. Tsilchorozidou, T., Menko, F.H., Lalloo, F., Kidd, A., De Silva, R., Thomas, H., Smith, P., Malcolmson, A., Dore, J., Madan, K., Brown, A., Yovos, J.G., Tsaligopoulos, M., Vogiatzis, N., Baser, M.E., Wallace, A.J. and Evans, D.G. 2004. Constitutional rearrangements of chromosome 22 as a cause of neurofibromatosis 2. J. Med. Genet. 41: 529-534.
- 4. Arinami, T. 2006. Analyses of the associations between the genes of 22g11 deletion syndrome and schizophrenia. J. Hum. Genet. 51: 1037-1045.
- 5. Paylor, R., Glaser, B., Mupo, A., Ataliotis, P., Spencer, C., Sobotka, A., Sparks, C., Choi, C.H., Oghalai, J., Curran, S., Murphy, K.C., Monks, S., Williams, N., O'Donovan, M.C., Owen, M.J., Scambler, P.J. and Lindsay, E. 2006. TBX1 haploinsufficiency is linked to behavioral disorders in mice and humans: implications for 22g11 deletion syndrome. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 103: 7729-7734.
- 6. Zheng, X., Güller, S., Beissert, T., Puccetti, E. and Ruthardt, M. 2006. BCR and its mutants, the reciprocal t(9;22)-associated ABL/BCR fusion proteins, differentially regulate the cytoskeleton and cell motility. BMC Cancer 6: 262.
- 7. Ahronowitz, I., Xin, W., Kiely, R., Sims, K., MacCollin, M. and Nunes, F.P. 2007. Mutational spectrum of the NF2 gene: a meta-analysis of 12 years of research and diagnostic laboratory findings. Hum. Mutat. 28: 1-12.
- 8. Hay, B.N. 2007. Deletion 22q11: spectrum of associated disorders. Semin. Pediatr. Neurol. 14: 136-139.
- 9. SWISS-PROT/TrEMBL (Q69YQ0). World Wide Web URL: http://www. uniprot.org/uniprot/Q69YQ0

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CYTSA (human) mapping to 22q11.23; Cytsa (mouse) mapping to 10 C1.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

SOURCE

Cytospin-A (D-13) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Cytospin-A of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-86400 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

Cytospin-A (D-13) is recommended for detection of Cytospin-A of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Cytospin-A (D-13) is also recommended for detection of Cytospin-A in additional species, including equine and canine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Cytospin-A siRNA (h): sc-77086, Cytospin-A siRNA (m): sc-142765, Cytospin-A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77086-SH, Cytospin-A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142765-SH, Cytospin-A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77086-V and Cytospin-A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142765-V.

Molecular Weight of Cytospin-A: 125 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat antirabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000). Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.