# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# APG5 (C-20): sc-8667



# BACKGROUND

In yeast, autophagy is an essential process for survival during nutrient starvation and cell differentiation. The process of autophagy is characterized as a non-selective degradation of cytoplasmic proteins into membrane structures called autophagosomes, and it is dependent on several proteins, including the autophagy proteins Apg5 and Apg7. Yeast Apg7 and the human homolog, APG7, share similarities with the ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1 in *Sarcharomyces cerevisiae*, and are likewise responsible for enzymatically activating the autophagy conjugation system. Apg5 and the human homolog, APG5 (also designated apoptosis specific protein or APS), function as substrates for the autophagy protein APG12. These proteins are covalently bonded together to form APG12/APG5 conjugates, which are required for the progression of autophagy.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ATG5 (human) mapping to 6q21; Atg5 (mouse) mapping to 10 B2.

## SOURCE

APG5 (C-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of APG5 of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-8667 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

# **APPLICATIONS**

APG5 (C-20) is recommended for detection of APG5 long and short isoforms of human origin and APG5 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

APG5 (C-20) is also recommended for detection of APG5 long and short isoforms in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for APG5 siRNA (h): sc-41445, APG5 siRNA (m): sc-41446, APG5 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41445-SH, APG5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41446-SH, APG5 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41445-V and APG5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41446-V.

Molecular Weight of human APG5 long/short isoforms: 32/23 kDa.

Molecular Weight of mouse and rat APG5: 32 kDa.

Molecular Weight of APG5-APG12 conjugate: 50 kDa.

Positive Controls: SH-SY5Y cell lysate: sc-3812, HEL 92.1.7 cell lysate: sc-2270 or Raji whole cell lysate: sc-364236.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 4) Immuno-histochemistry: use ImmunoCruz<sup>™</sup>: sc-2053 or ABC: sc-2023 goat IgG Staining Systems.

# DATA





APG5 (C-20): sc-8667. Western blot analysis of APG5 expression in SH-SY5Y ( $\bf A$ ), HEL 92.1.7 ( $\bf B$ ), Raji ( $\bf C$ ), THP-1 ( $\bf D$ ), HeLa ( $\bf E$ ) and HT-1080 ( $\bf F$ ) whole cell lysates.

APG5 (C-20): sc-8667. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human duodenum tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Chen, Y., et al. 2007. Mitochondrial electron-transport-chain inhibitors of complexes I and II induce autophagic cell death mediated by reactive oxygen species. J. Cell Sci. 120: 4155-4166.
- McLelland, G.L., et al. 2014. Parkin and PINK1 function in a vesicular trafficking pathway regulating mitochondrial quality control. EMBO J. 33: 282-295.

### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.