PRR5 (S-14): sc-86804



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Proline-rich proteins are often involved in protein-protein interactions and typically act as ligands for SH3, WW and EVH1 domains. PRR5 (proline-rich protein 5), also known as protein observed with Rictor-1 (Protor-1), is a 388 amino acid protein that is a subunit of mammalian target of Rapamycin complex 2 (mTORC2), a multimeric kinase that is involved in the regulation of the actin cytoskeleton and phosphorylates Akt1, SGK and PKC α . Other proteins that make up mTORC2 include Rictor, MAPKAP-1, FRAP and LST8. PRR5 plays an important role in the modulation of platelet-derived growth factor signaling and in the regulation of PDGFR- β expression. Since the gene encoding PRR5 is located in a region that frequently undergoes loss of heterozygosity in breast cancer, it is likely that PRR5 is a tumor suppressor. There are four isoforms of PRR5 that are produced as a result of alternative splicing events.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PRR5 (human) mapping to 22q13.31; Prr5 (mouse) mapping to 15 E2.

SOURCE

PRR5 (S-14) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of PRR5 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-86804 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

PRR5 (S-14) is recommended for detection of PRR5 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other PRR5 isoforms.

PRR5 (S-14) is also recommended for detection of PRR5 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for PRR5 siRNA (h): sc-76261, PRR5 siRNA (m): sc-152512, PRR5 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76261-SH, PRR5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152512-SH, PRR5 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76261-V and PRR5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152512-V.

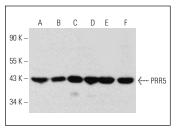
Molecular Weight of PRR5: 33-43 kDa.

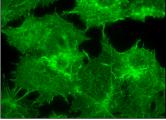
Positive Controls: MDA-MB-231 cell lysate: sc-2232, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA





PRR5 (S-14): sc-86804. Western blot analysis of PRR5 expression in MCF7 (A), SW480 (B), MDA-MB-231 (C), HeLa (D), HEK293 (E) and Hep G2 (F) whole cell lysates.

PRR5 (S-14): sc-86804. Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed Hep G2 cells showing membrane localization.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **PRR5 (A-7): sc-390469**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to PRR5 (S-14).

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