# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# CIDE-A (N-19)-R: sc-8730-R



#### BACKGROUND

The DNA fragmentation factor (DFF) is involved in the caspase-3 apoptotic pathway. DFF is composed of two subunits, DFF-45 (also designated ICAD, for inhibitor of CAD), and CPAN (caspase-activated nuclease), also designated CAD (caspase-activated deoxyribonuclease). CPAN is a DNase that is responsible for DNA degradation during apoptosis. CPAN is inhibited by DFF-45. Caspase-3 acts to dissociate CPAN from DFF-45, allowing CPAN to enter the nucleus and degrade DNA. CIDE-A and CIDE-B have been identified as proteins that share homology with the N-terminal region of DFF-45. Like CPAN, CIDE-A and CIDE-B promote cell death and DNA fragmentation and are inhibited by DFF-45.

# REFERENCES

- Liu, X., et al. 1997. DFF, a heterodimeric protein that functions downstream of caspase-3 to trigger DNA fragmentation during apoptosis. Cell 89: 175-184.
- Toh, S.Y., et al. 1998. Identification of the nuclear factor HMG2 as an activator for DFF nuclease activity. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 250: 598-601.
- Enari, M., et al. 1998. A caspase-activated Dnase that degrades DNA during apoptosis. Nature 391: 43-50.
- Halenbeck, R., et al. 1998. CPAN, a human nuclease regulated by the caspase-sensitive inhibitor DFF45. Curr. Biol. 8: 537-540.
- Sakahira, H., et al. 1998. Cleavage of CAD inhibitor in CAD activation and DNA degradation during apoptosis. Nature 391: 96-99.
- Inohara, N., et al. 1998. CIDE, a novel family of cell death activators with homology to the 45 kDa subunit of the DNA fragmentation factor. EMBO J. 17: 2526-2533.
- Inohara, N., et al. 1999. Identification of regulatory and catalytic domains in the apoptosis nuclease DFF40/CAD. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 270-274.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CIDEA (human) mapping to 18p11.21; Cidea (mouse) mapping to 18 E1.

# SOURCE

CIDE-A (N-19)-R is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of CIDE-A of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-8730 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### APPLICATIONS

CIDE-A (N-19)-R is recommended for detection of CIDE-A of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

CIDE-A (N-19)-R is also recommended for detection of CIDE-A in additional species, including equine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for CIDE-A siRNA (h): sc-37439, CIDE-A siRNA (m): sc-37440, CIDE-A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37439-SH, CIDE-A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37440-SH, CIDE-A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37439-V and CIDE-A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37440-V.

Molecular Weight of CIDE-A: 26 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse heart extract: sc-2254.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

# MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **CIDE-A (4B9): sc-293289**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to CIDE-A (N-19).