

NAPRT (G-19): sc-87327

BACKGROUND

NAPRT (nicotinate phosphoribosyltransferase), also known as FHA-HIT-interacting protein or nicotinate phosphoribosyltransferase domain-containing protein 1, is a 538 amino acid member of the NAPRTase protein family. Localized to the cytoplasm, NAPRT is involved in the biosynthesis of the cofactor NAD⁺. NAPRT catalyzes the conversion of nicotinic acid (NA) to NA mononucleotide (NaMN). This conversion is essential to increase cellular NAD levels, which prevents oxidative stress of the cells. NAPRT is expressed as three isoforms produced by alternative splicing events. The gene that encodes NAPRT maps to human chromosome 8, which makes up nearly 146 million bases and encodes about 800 genes. Translocation of portions of chromosome 8 with amplifications of the c-Myc gene are found in some leukemias and lymphomas, and are typically associated with a poor prognosis. Portions of chromosome 8 have been linked to schizophrenia and bipolar disorder.

REFERENCES

- Wildenauer, D.B. and Schwab, S.G. 1999. Chromosomes 8 and 10 workshop. *Am. J. Med. Genet.* 88: 239-243.
- Magni, G., et al. 2004. Enzymology of NAD⁺ homeostasis in man. *Cell. Mol. Life Sci.* 61: 19-34.
- McQueen, M.B., et al. 2005. Combined analysis from eleven linkage studies of bipolar disorder provides strong evidence of susceptibility loci on chromosomes 6q and 8q. *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 77: 582-595.
- Nusbaum, C., et al. 2006. DNA sequence and analysis of human chromosome 8. *Nature* 439: 331-335.
- Hara, N., et al. 2007. Elevation of cellular NAD levels by nicotinic acid and involvement of nicotinic acid phosphoribosyltransferase in human cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 282: 24574-24582.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NAPRT1 (human) mapping to 8q24.3; Naprt1 (mouse) mapping to 15 D3.

SOURCE

NAPRT (G-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of NAPRT of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-87327 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

NAPRT (G-19) is recommended for detection of NAPRT of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

NAPRT (G-19) is also recommended for detection of NAPRT in additional species, including equine and bovine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for NAPRT siRNA (h): sc-77596, NAPRT siRNA (m): sc-149829, NAPRT shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77596-SH, NAPRT shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149829-SH, NAPRT shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77596-V and NAPRT shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149829-V.

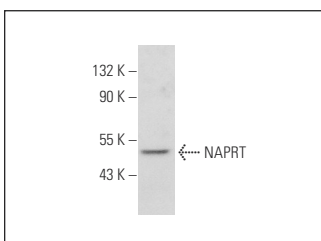
Molecular Weight of NAPRT: 58 kDa.

Positive Controls: human liver extract: sc-363766.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



NAPRT (G-19): sc-87327. Western blot analysis of NAPRT expression in human liver tissue extract.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.