# TRAF2 (N-19): sc-877



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

Tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-activated cell signaling is mediated primarily through the TNF receptor 1 (TNF-R1) and, to a lesser extent, TNF-R2. Both TNF receptors are members of the expanding TNF receptor superfamily which includes the Fas antigen and CD40. Potential insight into an understanding of TNF receptor-mediated signaling was provided by the identification of two related proteins, TRAF1 and TRAF2 (for TNF receptor-associated factors 1 and 2, respectively). Both function to form heterodimeric complexes and associate with the cytoplasmic domain of TNF-R2. A third member of this protein family, alternatively designated CD40 bp, CRAF1, LAP1 or TRAF3, has been identified and shown to associate with the cytoplasmic domain of CD40. The similarity between a specific region of TRAF3 with regions of TRAF1 and TRAF2 define a "TRAF-C" domain that is necessary and sufficient for CD40 binding and homodimerization.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TRAF2 (human) mapping to 9q34.3; Traf2 (mouse) mapping to 2 A3.

# **SOURCE**

TRAF2 (N-19) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of TRAF2 of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-877 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

# **APPLICATIONS**

TRAF2 (N-19) is recommended for detection of TRAF2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

TRAF2 (N-19) is also recommended for detection of TRAF2 in additional species, including equine, canine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for TRAF2 siRNA (h): sc-29509, TRAF2 siRNA (m): sc-36711, TRAF2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29509-SH, TRAF2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36711-SH, TRAF2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29509-V and TRAF2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36711-V.

Molecular Weight of TRAF2: 50 kDa.

Positive Controls: Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204, A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201 or WEHI-231 whole cell lysate: sc-2213.

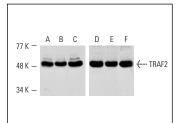
# **STORAGE**

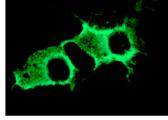
Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### DATA





Western blot analysis of TRAF2 expression in Jurkat (A,D), A-431 (B,E) and WEHI-231 (C,F) whole cell lysates. Antibodies tested include TRAF2 (C-20): sc-876 (A-C) and TRAF2 (N-19): sc-877 (D-F).

TRAF2 (N-19): sc-877. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed TRAF2-transfected COS cells showing cytoplasmic localization.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Tobin, D., et al. 1998. UVB-induced association of tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor 1/TNF receptor associated factor 2 mediates activation of Rel proteins. J. Exp. Med. 95: 565-569.
- 2. Wong, B.R., et al. 1998. The TRAF family of signal transducers mediates NFκB activation by the TRANCE receptor. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 28355-28359.
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- 4. Patel, D.N., et al. 2007. Interleukin-17 stimulates c-reactive protein expression in hepatocytes and smooth muscle cells via p38 MAPK and ERK 1/2-dependent NF $\kappa$ B and C/EBP $\beta$  activation. J. Biol. Chem. 282: 27229-27238.
- Cho, H.Y., et al. 2007. Signal transduction pathways of tumor necrosis factor-mediated lung injury induced by ozone in mice. Am. J. Respir. Crit. Care Med. 175: 829-839.
- Okamura, M., et al. 2008. Suppression of cytokine responses by indomethacin in podocytes: a mechanism through induction of unfolded protein response. Am. J. Physiol. Renal Physiol. 295: F1495-F1503.
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- Pérez-Chacón, G., et al. 2012. TNFR-associated factor 2 deficiency in B lymphocytes predisposes to chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma in mice. J. Immunol. 189: 1053-1061.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed Try **TRAF2 (F-2):** sc-136999 or **TRAF2 (F-4):** sc-137048, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to TRAF2 (N-19). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 and Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 conjugates, see **TRAF2 (F-2):** sc-136999.