

Mecr siRNA (h): sc-88164

BACKGROUND

Mecr (mitochondrial *trans*-2-enoyl-CoA reductase), also known as NRBF1 (nuclear receptor-binding factor 1), FASN2B or CGI-63, is a 373 amino acid mitochondrial protein that may play a role in fatty acid synthesis. Existing as two alternatively spliced isoforms, Mecr is highly expressed in cardiac and skeletal muscle, with lower levels found in pancreas, kidney, placenta and liver. Mecr forms a homodimer and belongs to the zinc-containing alcohol dehydrogenase family and quinone oxidoreductase subfamily. Mecr reduces *trans*-2-enoyl-CoA to acyl-CoA in an NADPH-dependent manner and is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 1p35.3. Human chromosome 1 spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes, comprises nearly 8% of the human genome and houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome.

REFERENCES

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3. Miinalainen, I.J., et al. 2003. Characterization of 2-enoyl thioester reductase from mammals. An ortholog of YBR026p/MRF1'p of the yeast mitochondrial fatty acid synthesis type II. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278: 20154-20161.
4. Iasilova, M., et al. 2004. Exclusion of an extracolonic disease modifier locus on chromosome 1p33-36 in a large Swiss familial adenomatous polyposis kindred. *Eur. J. Hum. Genet.* 12: 365-371.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MECR (human) mapping to 1p35.3.

PRODUCT

Mecr siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Mecr shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88164-SH and Mecr shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88164-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Mecr (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-88164A, sc-88164B and sc-88164C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Mecr siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Mecr expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Mecr gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Mecr (h)-PR: sc-88164-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.