## BACKGROUND

Integrins are heterodimers composed of noncovalently associated transmembrane $\alpha$ and $\beta$ subunits. The $16 \alpha$ and $8 \beta$ subunits heterodimerize to produce more than 20 different receptors. Most integrin receptors bind ligands that are components of the extracellular matrix, including Fibronectin, collagen and vitronectin. Certain integrins can also bind to soluble ligands, such as fibrinogen, or to counterreceptors on adjacent cells such as the intracellular adhesion molecules (ICAMs), leading to aggregation of cells. Integrin $\beta 4$ (ITGB4), also known as CD104, is a 1,822 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein belonging to the Integrin $\beta$ chain family. Known to associate with Integrin $\alpha 6$, Integrin $\beta 4$ functions as a receptor for Laminin and is predominantly expressed by epithelia. Integrin $\beta 4$ exists as five alternatively spliced isoforms that are encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 17q25.1.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ITGB4 (human) mapping to 17q25.1; Itgb4 (mouse) mapping to 11 E2.

## SOURCE

Integrin $\beta 4$ (H-101) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 28-128 mapping within an extracellular domain of Integrin $\beta 4$ of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains $200 \mu \mathrm{glgG}$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with $<0.1 \%$ sodium azide and $0.1 \%$ gelatin.

## APPLICATIONS

Integrin $\beta 4(\mathrm{H}-101)$ is recommended for detection of Integrin $\beta 4$ of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation $[1-2 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ per 100-500 $\mu \mathrm{g}$ of total protein ( 1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Integrin $\beta 4$ (H-101) is also recommended for detection of Integrin $\beta 4$ in additional species, including equine, bovine and porcine.
Suitable for use as control antibody for Integrin $\beta 4$ siRNA (h): sc-35678, Integrin $\beta 4$ siRNA (m): sc-35679, Integrin $\beta 4$ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35678-SH, Integrin $\beta 4$ shRNA Plasmid ( $m$ ): sc-35679-SH, Integrin $\beta 4$ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35678-V and Integrin $\beta 4$ shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35679-V.

Molecular Weight of Integrin $\beta 4$ : 205 kDa.
Positive Controls: SW480 cell lysate: sc-2219 or MCF7 whole cell lysate: sc-2206.

## STORAGE

Store at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C},{ }^{* *}$ DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## DATA



Integrin $\beta 4$ (H-101): sc-9090. Western blot analysis of Integrin $\beta 4$ expression in SW480 whole cell lysate.


Integrin $\beta 4$ (H-101): sc-9090. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human colon tumor showing membrane and cytoplasmic staining $(\mathbf{A})$. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffinembedded human placenta tissue showing membrane staining of trophoblastic cells. Kindly provided by The Swedish Human Protein Atlas (HPA) program (B)

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Abdel-Ghany, M., et al. 2001. The breast cancer $\beta 4$ Integrin and endothelial human CLCA2 mediate lung metastasis. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 25438-25446.
2. Noh, T.W., et al. 2010. Effect of $\beta 4$ integrin knockdown by RNA interference in anaplastic thyroid carcinoma. Anticancer Res. 30: 4485-4492.
3. Luque-García, J.L., et al. 2010. Differential protein expression on the cell surface of colorectal cancer cells associated to tumor metastasis. Proteomics 10: 940-952.
4. Panacchia, L., et al. 2010. Nonirradiated human fibroblasts and irradiated 3T3-J2 murine fibroblasts as a feeder layer for keratinocyte growth and differentiation in vitro on a fibrin substrate. Cells Tissues Organs 191: 21-35.
5. Liu, C., et al. 2010. Wound repair and anti-oxidative capacity is regulated by ITGB4 in airway epithelial cells. Mol. Cell. Biochem. 341: 259-269.
6. Soung, Y.H., et al. 2011. Curcumin inhibition of the functional interaction between integrin $\alpha 6 \beta 4$ and the epidermal growth factor receptor. Mol. Cancer Ther. 10: 883-891.
7. Mizutani, K., et al. 2011. Interaction of nectin-like molecule 2 with integrin $\alpha 6 \beta 4$ and inhibition of disassembly of integrin $\alpha 6 \beta 4$ from hemidesmosomes. J. Biol. Chem. 286: 36667-36676.
8. Chang, K.C., et al. 2011. Desmoplastic tumour-associated stroma versus neural tissue in central nervous system metastasis: effects of different microenvironments on tumour growth. Histopathology 59: 31-39.

Try Integrin $\boldsymbol{\beta 4}$ ( $\mathbf{F - 7}$ ): sc-514252 or Integrin $\boldsymbol{\beta 4}(\mathbf{H}-\mathbf{1})$ :
sc-55514, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to Integrin $\beta 4$ (H-101). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\circledR} 488$ and Alexa Fluor ${ }^{\circledR} 647$ conjugates, see Integrin $\boldsymbol{\beta 4}$ (F-7): sc-514252.

