CTRP8 siRNA (h): sc-93167



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Members of the CTRP (complement C1q tumor necrosis factor-related protein) family are structurally related, although functionally diverse. CTRPs share TNF α -like globular domains and N-terminal glycine-X-Y repeats and also tend to form trimers that have the ability to congregate into higher order structures. Functions of this protein family range from immune homeostasis to structural and extracelluar matrix-related roles. CTRP8 (complement C1q tumor necrosis factor-related protein 8), also known as UNQ5829 or C1QTNF8 (C1q and tumor necrosis factor related protein 8), is a 252 amino acid secreted protein that is expressed predominantly in lung and testis. Containing one C1q domain and one collagen-like domain, CTRP8 exists as a homotrimer and forms heteromeric complexes with C1qL1. CTRP8 is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 16p13.3, which encodes over 900 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome.

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PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: C1QTNF8 (human) mapping to 16p13.3.

PRODUCT

CTRP8 siRNA (h) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CTRP8 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-93167-SH and CTRP8 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-93167-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CTRP8 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-93167A and sc-93167B.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

CTRP8 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of CTRP8 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CTRP8 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CTRP8 (h)-PR: sc-93167-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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