MBD2 (N-18): sc-9397



The Power to Questio

BACKGROUND

Methylation of DNA contributes to the regulation of gene transcription in both mammalian and invertebrate systems. DNA methylation predominates on cytosine residues that are present in dinucleotide motifs consisting of a 5' cytosine followed by guanosine (CpG), and it requires the enzymatic activity of DNA methyltransferase, which results in transcriptional repression of the methylated gene. Several proteins have been identified that associate with the methyl-CpG sites; they include methyl-CpG binding protein 1 (MBD1), MBD2, MBD3, MBD4 and MeCP2. Expression of the MBD proteins is highest in somatic tissues. MBD1 binds in a context specific manner to methyl-CpG rich domains and, in turn, mediates the transcriptional inhibition that is commonly observed with DNA methylation. Similarly, MBD2 inhibits transcription of methylated genes by associating with histone deacetylase (HDAC1) within the MeCP1 repressor complex. In addition, MBD4, which is also designated MED1, associates with the mismatch repair protein MLH1 and preferentially binds to methylated cytosine residues in mismatched base pairs. MeCP2 binds tightly to chromosomes in a methylation-dependent manner and associates with a corepressor complex containing the transcriptional repressor mSin3A and histone deacetylases. MeCP2 binds tightly to chromosomes in a methylation-dependent manner and associates with a corepressor complex containing the transcriptional repressor mSin3A and histone deacetylases.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MBD2 (human) mapping to 18q21.2; Mbd2 (mouse) mapping to 18 E2.

SOURCE

MBD2 (N-18) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of MBD2 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-9397 P, ($100 \mu g$ peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

MBD2 (N-18) is recommended for detection of MBD2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for MBD2 siRNA (h): sc-35865, MBD2 siRNA (m): sc-35866, MBD2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35865-SH, MBD2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35866-SH, MBD2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35865-V and MBD2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35866-V.

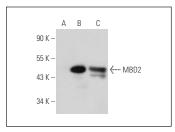
Molecular Weight of MBD2: 47 kDa.

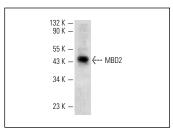
Positive Controls: MBD2 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-115236, A-431 nuclear extract: sc-2122 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA





MBD2 (N-18): sc-9397. Western blot analysis of MBD2 expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (A), human MBD2 transfected 293T: sc-115236 (B) and Jurkat (C) whole cell lysates.

MBD2 (N-18): sc-9397. Western blot analysis of MBD2 expression in A-431 nuclear extract.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Patra, S.K., et al. 2003. Methyl-CpG-DNA binding proteins in human prostate cancer: expression of CXXC sequence containing MBD1 and repression of MBD2 and MeCP2. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 302: 759-766.
- Katryniok, C., et al. 2010. Role of DNA methylation and methyl-DNA binding proteins in the repression of 5-lipoxygenase promoter activity. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1801: 49-57.
- Macdonald, J.L., et al. 2010. MBD2 and MeCP2 regulate distinct transitions in the stage-specific differentiation of olfactory receptor neurons. Mol. Cell. Neurosci. 44: 55-67.
- 4. Huang, L., et al. 2011. Prevention of transcriptional silencing by a replicator-binding complex consisting of SWI/SNF, MeCP1, and hnRNP C1/C2. Mol. Cell. Biol. 31: 3472-3484.
- Gunther, K., et al. 2013. Differential roles for MBD2 and MBD3 at methylated CpG islands, active promoters and binding to exon sequences. Nucleic Acids Res. 41: 3010-3021.
- Gu, X., et al. 2014. Runx1 regulation of Pu.1 corepressor/coactivator exchange identifies specific molecular targets for leukemia differentiation therapy. J. Biol. Chem. 289: 14881-14895.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Try **MBD2 (C-11):** sc-514062, our highly recommended monoclonal aternative to MBD2 (N-18).