# CD40 (N-16): sc-974



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Resting B cells can be activated and clonally expanded into antibody-producing cells in response to a combination of cell contact and soluble signals provided by primed helper T (Th) cells. While cytokines IL-4 and IL-13 alone are inadequate for B cell activation, contact with Th cells seems to be sufficient for delivery of proliferative signals. A receptor ligand pair central to the transmission of this signal is CD40, expressed on the surface of B cells, together with CD40L, expressed on activated T cells. In the presence of such stimulus, IL-4 and IL-13 are capable of triggering immunoglobulin class switching and secretion of IgE. B cells are sensitive to these cytokines only subsequent to CD40/CD40L-driven DNA synthesis. A downstream mediator of the CD40 signaling pathway, designated CRAF, is a member of an expanding family of proteins that contain a conserved cysteine- and histidine-rich RING finger motif. Other members of the family include TRAF1 and TRAF2. The latter proteins have been shown to regulate TNF-R2 as well as CD40 signaling through activation of the NFxB family of transcription factors.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CD40 (human) mapping to 20q13.12.

#### **SOURCE**

CD40 (N-16) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of CD40 of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-974 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

CD40 (N-16) is recommended for detection of CD40 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immuno-precipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:25, dilution range 1:25-1:250) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CD40 siRNA (h): sc-29250, CD40 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29250-SH and CD40 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29250-V.

Molecular Weight of CD40: 43 kDa.

Positive Controls: CD40 (h): 293 Lysate: sc-112948, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or NAMALWA cell lysate: sc-2234.

### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

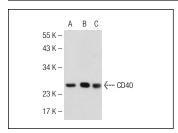
## **PROTOCOLS**

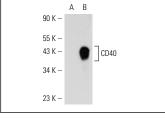
See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### DATA





CD40 (N-16): sc-974. Western blot analysis of CD40 expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (**A**), human CD40 transfected 293T: sc-174952 (**B**) and Hela (**C**) whole cell lysates

CD40 (N-16): sc-974. Western blot analysis of CD40 expression in non-transfected: sc-110760 (**A**) and human CD40 transfected: sc-112948 (**B**) 293 whole cell lysates.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

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- 8. Natal, C., et al. 2008. The proinflammatory mediator CD40 ligand is increased in the metabolic syndrome and modulated by adiponectin. J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab. 93: 2319-2327.
- 9. Tucker, T.A., et al. 2008. CD40 ligation decreases its protein half-life at the cell surface. Eur. J. Immunol. 38: 864-869.



Try CD40 (H-10): sc-13128 or CD40 (G-12): sc-514493, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to CD40 (N-16). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor® 488 and Alexa Fluor® 647 conjugates, see CD40 (H-10): sc-13128.