MCM3 (N-19): sc-9850



The Power to Questio

BACKGROUND

The mini-chromosome maintenance (MCM) family of proteins, including MCM2, MCM3, MCM4 (Cdc21), MCM5 (Cdc46), MCM6 (Mis5) and MCM7 (Cdc47), are regulators of DNA replication that act to ensure replication occurs only once in the cell cycle. Expression of MCM proteins increases during cell growth, peaking at $\rm G_1$ to S phase. The MCM proteins each contain an ATP-binding motif, which is predicted to mediate ATP-dependent opening of double-stranded DNA. MCM proteins are regulated by E2F transcription factors, which induce MCM expression, and by protein kinases, which interact with MCM proteins to maintain the postreplicative state of the cell. MCM2/MCM4 complexes function as substrates for Cdc2/cyclin B *in vitro*. Cleavage of MCM3, which can be prevented by caspase inhibitors, results in the inactivation of the MCM complex (composed of at least MCM proteins 2-6) during apoptosis. A complex composed of MCM4, MCM6 and MCM7 has been shown to be involved in DNA helicase activity; and MCM5 is involved in IFN- γ -induced Stat1 α transcription activation.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MCM3 (human) mapping to 6p12.2; Mcm3 (mouse) mapping to 1 A4.

SOURCE

MCM3 (N-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of MCM3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-9850 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

MCM3 (N-19) is recommended for detection of MCM3 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

MCM3 (N-19) is also recommended for detection of MCM3 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for MCM3 siRNA (h): sc-35881, MCM3 siRNA (m): sc-35882, MCM3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35881-SH, MCM3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35882-SH, MCM3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35881-V and MCM3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35882-V.

Molecular Weight of MCM3: 115 kDa.

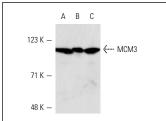
STORAGE

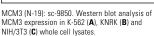
Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

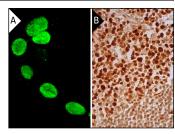
RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

DATA







MCM3 (N-19): sc-9850. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NIH/3T3 cells showing nuclear staining (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human lymph node tissue showing nuclear staining of cells in germinal centers and cells in non-germinal centers (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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- 4. Paolinelli, R., et al. 2009. Acetylation by GCN5 regulates Cdc6 phosphorylation in the S phase of the cell cycle. Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol. 16: 412-420.
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- Izumi, H., et al. 2010. Role of ZNF143 in tumor growth through transcriptional regulation of DNA replication and cell-cycle-associated genes. Cancer Sci. 101: 2538-2545.
- Mukherjee, A., et al. 2010. Targeting RANKL to a specific subset of murine mammary epithelial cells induces ordered branching morphogenesis and alveologenesis in the absence of progesterone receptor expression. FASEB J. 24: 4408-4419.
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Try MCM3 (E-8): sc-390480 or MCM3 (E-7): sc-365616, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to MCM3 (N-19).