

Rad51B (H-115): sc-98798

BACKGROUND

Rad52 family members (Rad50, Rad51B/C/D, Rad52, Rad54, MRE11) mediate DNA double-strand break repair (DSBR) for DNA damage that otherwise could cause cell death, mutation or neoplastic transformation. Rad51 (RECA, BRCC5) interacts with BRCA1 and BRCA2 to influence subcellular localization and cellular response to DNA damage. BRCA2 inactivation may be a key event leading to genomic instability and tumorigenesis from deregulation of Rad51. Rad52 forms a heptameric ring that binds single-stranded DNA ends and catalyzes DNA-DNA interaction necessary for the annealing of complementary strands. Rad52 can interact with Rad51. Rad54A of the DEAD-like helicase superfamily binds to double-strand DNA and induces a DNA topological change, which is thought to facilitate homologous DNA pairing and stimulate DNA recombination. Rad54B of the DEAD-like helicase superfamily binds to double-stranded DNA and displays ATPase activity in the presence of DNA. Rad54B is abundant in testis and spleen, and mutations of this gene occur in primary lymphoma and colon cancer. MRE11 (meiotic recombination 11, ATLD, HNGS1) is a nuclear 3'-5' exonuclease/endonuclease that associates with Rad50 and influences homologous recombination, telomere length maintenance and DNA double-strand break repair. MRE11 is most abundant in proliferating tissues.

REFERENCES

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2. Zhong, Q., et al. 2002. Deficient nonhomologous end-joining activity in cell-free extracts from BRCA1-null fibroblasts. *Cancer Res.* 62: 3966-3970.
3. Lisby, M., et al. 2003. Colocalization of multiple DNA double-strand breaks at a single Rad52 repair centre. *Nat. Cell Biol.* 5: 572-577.
4. Sugawara, N., et al. 2003. *In vivo* roles of Rad52, Rad54, and Rad55 proteins in Rad51-mediated recombination. *Mol. Cell* 12: 209-219.
5. Miyazaki, T., et al. 2004. *In vivo* assembly and disassembly of Rad51 and Rad52 complexes during double-strand break repair. *EMBO J.* 23: 939-949.
6. O'Connor, M.S., et al. 2004. The human Rap 1 protein complex and modulation of telomere length. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 28585-28591.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RAD51L1 (human) mapping to 14q24.1; Rad51I1 (mouse) mapping to 12 C3.

SOURCE

Rad51B (H-115) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 141-255 mapping within an internal region of Rad51B of human origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-98798 X, 200 µg/0.1 ml.

APPLICATIONS

Rad51B (H-115) is recommended for detection of Rad51B of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Rad51B (H-115) is also recommended for detection of Rad51B in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Rad51B siRNA (h): sc-45855, Rad51B siRNA (m): sc-45856, Rad51B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45855-SH, Rad51B shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45856-SH, Rad51B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45855-V and Rad51B shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45856-V.

Rad51B (H-115) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

Molecular Weight of Rad51B: 42 kDa.

Positive Controls: MOLT-4 nuclear extract: sc-2151, HeLa nuclear extract: sc-2120 or IMR-32 nuclear extract: sc-2148.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.


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Try **Rad51B (1H3/13): sc-53430** or **Rad51B (1E11/6): sc-53429**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to Rad51B (H-115).