## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# STRAD (H-83): sc-99155



## BACKGROUND

Peutz-Jeghers syndrome (PJS) is a rare hereditary disease characterized by melanocytic macules of the lips, gastrointestinal hamartomatous polyps and an increased risk for many classes of cancer. The serine/threonine kinase LKB1 (also designated STK11) has been identified as the gene mutated in PJS. LKB1 activity increases upon the binding of a regulatory complex consisting of the Ste20-related adaptor- $\alpha$  (STRAD  $\alpha$ ) pseudo kinase and the calcium binding protein 39 (MO25  $\alpha$ ). STRAD determines the subcellular localization of LKB1 by initiating its translocation from the nucleus to the cytoplasm, thus regulating the tumor suppressor activity of LKB1.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Jenne, D.E., et al. 1998. Peutz-Jeghers syndrome is caused by mutations in a novel serine/threonine kinase. Nat. Genet. 18: 38-43.
- 2. Hemminki, A., et al. 1998. A serine/threonine kinase gene defective in Peutz-Jeghers syndrome. Nature 391: 184-187.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: STRADA (human) mapping to 17q23.3; Strada (mouse) mapping to 11 E1.

#### SOURCE

STRAD (H-83) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 47-129 mapping near the N-terminus of STRAD of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

STRAD (H-83) is recommended for detection of STRAD of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

STRAD (H-83) is also recommended for detection of STRAD in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for STRAD siRNA (h): sc-45241, STRAD siRNA (m): sc-63087, STRAD shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45241-SH, STRAD shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-63087-SH, STRAD shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45241-V and STRAD shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-63087-V.

Molecular Weight (predicted) of STRAD: 48 kDa.

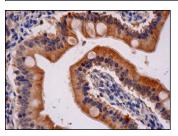
Molecular Weight (observed) of STRAD: 40-45 kDa.

Positive Controls: Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 4) Immuno-histochemistry: use ImmunoCruz<sup>™</sup>: sc-2051 or ABC: sc-2018 rabbit IgG Staining Systems.

#### DATA



STRAD (H-83): sc-99155. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human duodenum tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **STRAD (4E4): sc-293230**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to STRAD (H-83).