SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

TRESK (M-48): sc-99180



BACKGROUND

Potassium channels play an important role in cell excitability and plasticity. The pore loop domain, a highly conserved region common to all potassium channels, is involved in determining potassium ion selectivity. The family of potassium channels possessing two-pore loop domains consists of both inward and outwardly rectifying channels and includes THIK-1, THIK-2, TRESK, TALK-1 and TALK-2. Members of this family are all characterized by four transmembrane domains and may function to help influence the resting membrane potential of cells. TWIK-related spinal cord K⁺ (TRESK) is the most sensitive volatile anesthetic-activated channel in the family and may function to mediate the effects of inhaled anesthetics in the central nervous system in a manner that is sensitive to immunosuppressive drugs. TRESK is activated by the calcium signal from calcineurin, a calcium/calmodulin-dependent phosphatase, and is highly sensitive to zinc.

REFERENCES

- 1. Czirják, G., et al. 2004. The two-pore domain K⁺ channel, TRESK, is activated by the cytoplasmic calcium signal through calcineurin. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 18550-18558.
- 2. Kang, D., et al. 2004. Functional expression of TRESK-2, a new member of the tandem-pore K⁺ channel family. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 28063-28070.
- Liu, C., et al. 2004. Potent activation of concentrations of volatile anesthetics. Anesth. Analg. 99: 1715-1722.
- Kang, D., et al. 2005. Thermosensitivity of the two-pore domain K⁺ channels TREK-2 and TRAAK. J. Physiol. 564: 103-116.
- Keshavaprasad, B., et al. 2005. Species-specific differences in response to anesthetics and other modulators by the K2P channel TRESK. Anesth. Analg. 101: 1042-1049.
- Brosnan, R., et al. 2006. Chirality in anesthesia II: stereoselective modulation of ion channel function by secondary alcohol enantiomers. Anesth. Analg. 103: 86-91.
- Czirják, G., et al. 2006. Targeting of calcineurin to an NFAT-like docking site is required for the calcium-dependent activation of the background K+ channel, TRESK. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 14677-14682.
- 8. Czirják, G., et al. 2006. Zinc and mercuric ions distinguish TRESK from the other two-pore-domain K⁺ channels. Mol. Pharmacol. 69: 1024-1032.
- 9. Kang, D., et al. 2006. TREK-2 (K2P10.1) and TRESK (K2P18.1) are major background K⁺ channels in dorsal root ganglion neurons. Am. J. Physiol. Cell Physiol. 291: 138-146.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Kcnk18 (mouse) mapping to 19 D3.

SOURCE

TRESK (M-48) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-48 mapping at the N-terminus of TRESK of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

TRESK (M-48) is recommended for detection of TRESK of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for TRESK siRNA (m): sc-61710, TRESK shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-61710-SH and TRESK shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61710-V.

Molecular Weight of TRESK: 43 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed Try TRESK (E-2): sc-514525, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to TRESK (M-48).