# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# FAM43A (C-15): sc-99408



BACKGROUND

Chromosome 3 is made up of about 214 million bases encoding over 1,100 genes. Notably, there is a chemokine receptor gene cluster and a variety of human cancer related loci on chromosome 3. Particular regions of the chromosome 3 short arm are deleted in many types of cancer cells. Key tumor suppressing genes on chromosome 3 encode apoptosis mediator RASSF1, cell migration regulator HYAL1 and angiogenesis suppressor SEMA3B. Marfan Syndrome, porphyria, von Hippel-Lindau syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta and Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease are a few of the numerous genetic diseases associated with chromosome 3. The FAM43A gene product has been provisionally designated FAM43A pending further characterization.

# REFERENCES

- Müller, S., et al. 2000. Molecular cytogenetic dissection of human chromosomes 3 and 21 evolution. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 97: 206-211.
- 2. Braga, E.A., et al. 2003. New tumor suppressor genes in hot spots of human chromosome 3: new methods of identification. Mol. Biol. 37: 194-211.
- Tsend-Ayush, E., et al. 2004. Plasticity of human chromosome 3 during primate evolution. Genomics 83: 193-202.
- Darai, E., et al. 2005. Evolutionarily plastic regions at human 3p21.3 coincide with tumor breakpoints identified by the "elimination test." Genomics 86: 1-12.
- 5. Yue, Y., et al. 2005. Genomic structure and paralogous regions of the inversion breakpoint occurring between human chromosome 3p12.3 and orangutan chromosome 2. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 108: 98-105.
- 6. Yue, Y., et al. 2005. Comparative cytogenetics of human chromosome 3q21.3 reveals a hot spot for ectopic recombination in hominoid evolution. Genomics 85: 36-47.
- 7. Muzny, D.M., et al. 2006. The DNA sequence, annotation and analysis of human chromosome 3. Nature 440: 1194-1198.
- Nareyeck, G., et al. 2006. Establishment and characterization of two uveal melanoma cell lines derived from tumors with loss of one chromosome 3. Exp. Eye Res. 83: 858-864.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FAM43A (human) mapping to 3q29; Fam43a (mouse) mapping to 16 B2.

#### SOURCE

FAM43A (C-15) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of FAM43A of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-99408 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

# APPLICATIONS

FAM43A (C-15) is recommended for detection of FAM43A of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for FAM43A siRNA (h): sc-78230, FAM43A siRNA (m): sc-145041, FAM43A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-78230-SH, FAM43A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-145041-SH, FAM43A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-78230-V and FAM43A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-145041-V.

Molecular Weight of FAM43A: 46 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.