# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# FAM86A/B2/C (E-14): sc-99414



# BACKGROUND

Chromosome 16 encodes over 900 genes in approximately 90 million base pairs, makes up nearly 3% of human cellular DNA and is associated with a variety of genetic disorders. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing malfunction with growth. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is also associated with chromosome 16, though through the CREBBP gene which encodes a critical CREB binding protein. Signs of Rubinstein-Taybi include mental retardation and predisposition to tumor growth and white blood cell neoplasias. Crohn's disease is a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition associated with chromosome 16 through the NOD2 gene. An association with systemic lupus erythematosis and a number of other autoimmune disorders with the pericentromeric region of chromosome 16 has led to the identification of SLC5A11 as a potential autoimmune modifier. FAM86A is a 330 amino acid protein that belongs to the FAM86 family and is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 16. Also members of the FAM86 family, FAM86B2 and FAM86C are encoded by genes that map to human chromosomes 8 and 11, respectively.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Ben Hamida, C., et al. 1997. Homozygosity mapping of giant axonal neuropathy gene to chromosome 16q24.1. Neurogenetics 1: 129-133.
- 2. Karlsson, J., et al. 2003. Novel quantitative trait loci controlling development of experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis and proportion of lymphocyte subpopulations. J. Immunol. 170: 1019-1026.
- 3. Forabosco, P., et al. 2006. Meta-analysis of genome-wide linkage studies of systemic lupus erythematosus. Genes Immun. 7: 609-614.
- 4. Carneiro, L.A., et al. 2007. Nod-like receptors in innate immunity and inflammatory diseases. Ann. Med. 39: 581-593.
- 5. King, K., et al. 2007. Identification, evolution, and association study of a novel promoter and first exon of the human NOD2 (CARD15) gene. Genomics 90: 493-501.
- 6. Gervasini, C., et al. 2007. High frequency of mosaic CREBBP deletions in Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome patients and mapping of somatic and germline breakpoints. Genomics 90: 567-573.
- 7. Koop, O., et al. 2007. Genotype-phenotype analysis in patients with giant axonal neuropathy (GAN). Neuromuscul. Disord. 17: 624-630.
- 8. Tattoli, I., et al. 2007. The Nodosome: Nod1 and Nod2 control bacterial infections and inflammation. Semin. Immunopathol. 29: 289-301.
- 9. Yang, Y., et al. 2007. Giant axonal neuropathy. Cell. Mol. Life Sci. 64: 601-609.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### SOURCE

FAM86A/B2/C (E-14) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of FAM86B2 of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-99414 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### **APPLICATIONS**

FAM86A/B2/C (E-14) is recommended for detection of FAM86A, FAM86B2 and FAM86C of human and, to a lesser extent, mouse origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

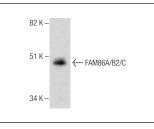
Molecular Weight of FAM86A/B2/C: 37 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat antirabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### DATA



FAM86A/B2/C (E-14): sc-99414. Western blot analysis of FAM86A/B2/C expression in HeLa whole cel lysate

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.