

COX17 (F14): sc-100521

BACKGROUND

The cytochrome c oxidase (COX) family of proteins function as the final electron donor in the respiratory chain to drive a proton gradient across the inner mitochondrial membrane, ultimately resulting in the production of water. The mammalian COX apoenzyme is a dimer, with each monomer consisting of 13 subunits, some of which are mitochondrial and some of which are nuclear. Cytochrome c oxidase 17 (COX17) is a nuclear gene encoding a mitochondrial copper chaperone protein necessary for proper COX apoenzyme-dependent mitochondrial respiration. COX17 is a highly conserved protein and influences the recruitment of copper ions to the mitochondria for delivery and incorporation into the COX apoenzyme.

REFERENCES

1. Amaravadi, R., et al. 1997. Isolation of a cDNA encoding the human homolog of COX17, a yeast gene essential for mitochondrial copper recruitment. *Hum. Genet.* 99: 329-333.
2. Punter, F.A., et al. 2000. Characterization and localization of human COX17, a gene involved in mitochondrial copper transport. *Hum. Genet.* 107: 69-74.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: COX17 (human) mapping to 3q13.33; Cox17 (mouse) mapping to 16 B3.

SOURCE

COX17 (F14) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant COX17 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg IgG_{2b} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

COX17 (F14) is recommended for detection of COX17 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for COX17 siRNA (h): sc-105234, COX17 siRNA (m): sc-77380, COX17 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-105234-SH, COX17 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-77380-SH, COX17 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105234-V and COX17 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77380-V.

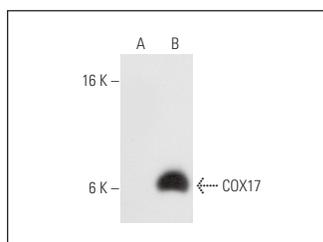
Molecular Weight of COX17: 8 kDa.

Positive Controls: COX17 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-111714 or IMR-32 cell lysate: sc-2409.

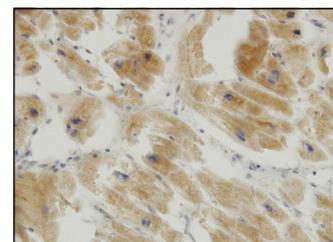
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



COX17 (F14): sc-100521. Western blot analysis of COX17 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human COX17 transfected: sc-111714 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



COX17 (F14): sc-100521. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human heart tissue showing cytoplasmic localization.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Yin, W., et al. 2018. The involvement of cytochrome c oxidase in mitochondrial fusion in primary cultures of neonatal rat cardiomyocytes. *Cardiovasc. Toxicol.* 18: 365-373.
2. Fu, H., et al. 2019. Profiling of nuclear copper-binding proteins under hypoxic condition. *Biomaterials* 32: 329-341.
3. Oleinik, N., et al. 2019. Mitochondrial protein import is regulated by p17/PERMIT to mediate lipid metabolism and cellular stress. *Sci. Adv.* 5: eaax1978.
4. Santini, S.J., et al. 2022. Copper-catalyzed dicarbonyl stress in NAFLD mice: protective effects of Oleuropein treatment on liver damage. *Nutr. Metab.* 19: 9.
5. Oleinik, N., et al. 2023. Alterations of lipid-mediated mitophagy result in aging-dependent sensorimotor defects. *Aging Cell* 22: e13954.
6. Wang, X., et al. 2023. Copper and cuproptosis-related genes in hepatocellular carcinoma: therapeutic biomarkers targeting tumor immune micro-environment and immune checkpoints. *Front. Immunol.* 14: 1123231.
7. Zhu, S.Y., et al. 2023. COX17 restricts renal fibrosis development by maintaining mitochondrial copper homeostasis and restoring complex IV activity. *Acta Pharmacol. Sin.* 44: 2091-2102.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.