

ARMCX3 (Q11): sc-100675

BACKGROUND

The armadillo (ARM) repeat family of proteins are related to the *Drosophila melanogaster* armadillo protein, a protein essential for wingless signal transduction. ARM proteins are involved in a variety of processes such as cell migration, cell proliferation, tissue maintenance and tumorigenesis. They are intracellular proteins and function in signal transduction and cell structure. ARMCX3 (armadillo repeat containing, X-linked 3), also known as ALEX3 (ARM protein lost in epithelial cancers on chromosome X 3), is a single pass membrane protein belonging to the armadillo repeat family of proteins. ARMCX3 contains three ARM repeats and shares 60% sequence similarity with the related proteins ARMCX1 and ARMCX2. ARMCX3 is believed to play a role in embryonic development and tissue maintenance and may also function as a tumor suppressor.

REFERENCES

1. Kurochkin, I.V., Yonemitsu, N., Funahashi, S.I. and Nomura, H. 2001. ALEX1, a novel human armadillo repeat protein that is expressed differentially in normal tissues and carcinomas. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 280: 340-347.
2. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 300364. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
3. Hsia, N. and Cornwall, G.A. 2004. DNA microarray analysis of region-specific gene expression in the mouse epididymis. *Biol. Reprod.* 70: 448-457.
4. Smith, C.A., McClive, P.J. and Sinclair, A.H. 2005. Temporal and spatial expression profile of the novel armadillo-related gene, ALEX2, during testicular differentiation in the mouse embryo. *Dev. Dyn.* 233: 188-193.
5. Olsen, J.V., Blagoev, B., Gnäd, F., Macek, B., Kumar, C., Mortensen, P. and Mann, M. 2006. Global, *in vivo*, and site-specific phosphorylation dynamics in signaling networks. *Cell* 127: 635-648.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ARMCX3 (human) mapping to Xq22.1.

SOURCE

ARMCX3 (Q11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant ARMCX3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg IgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

ARMCX3 (Q11) is recommended for detection of ARMCX3 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for ARMCX3 siRNA (h): sc-91193, ARMCX3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-91193-SH and ARMCX3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-91193-V.

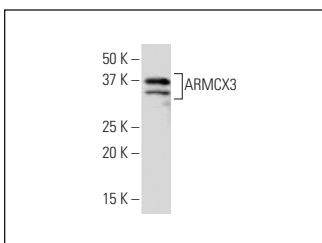
Molecular Weight of ARMCX3: 43 kDa.

Positive Controls: COLO 320 HSR whole cell lysate or COLO 320DM cell lysate: sc-2226.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

DATA



ARMCX3 (Q11): sc-100675. Western blot analysis of ARMCX3 expression in COLO 320 HSR whole cell lysate.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.