

Pbx 1a (710.2): sc-101851

BACKGROUND

Pbx 1, 2, 3 and 4 are members of the TALE (three amino acid loop extension) family of homeodomain-containing proteins. Human pre-B cell acute leukemias are frequently associated with a t(1;19)(q23;p13.3) chromosomal rearrangement, which creates a chimeric gene encoding a fusion between the E2A and Pbx 1 gene products. Pbx 2 and Pbx 3 share 92% and 94% respective identities with Pbx 1 over a 266 amino acid region flanking their homeobox domains, while all three proteins are quite divergent at their amino- and carboxy-termini. Two forms of Pbx 1 and Pbx 3 each differ primarily in their carboxy-termini and result from alternative mRNA splicing. Unlike other homeotic selector genes which are expressed transiently during development and differentiation, Pbx gene transcripts are ubiquitously expressed in both fetal and adult tissues and cell lines. Additionally, Pbx 2 and Pbx 3 transcripts are detected in lymphoid cells, which do not express Pbx 1. Pbx 4 expression is confined to the testis, especially to spermatocytes in the pachytene stage of the first meiotic prophase.

REFERENCES

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- Kamps, M.P., et al. 1990. A new homeobox gene contributes the DNA binding domain of the t(1;19) translocation protein in pre-B all. *Cell* 60: 547-555.
- Monica, K., et al. 1991. Pbx 2 and Pbx 3, new homeobox genes with extensive homology to the human proto-oncogene Pbx 1. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 11: 6149-6157.
- LeBrun, D.P., et al. 1994. Fusion with E2A alters the transcriptional properties of the homeodomain protein Pbx 1 in t(1;19) leukemias. *Oncogene* 9: 1641-1647.
- Lu, Q., et al. 1994. Fusion with E2A converts the Pbx 1 homeodomain protein into a constitutive transcriptional activator in human leukemias carrying the t(1;19) translocation. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 14: 3938-3948.
- Monica, K., et al. 1994. Transformation properties of the E2A-Pbx 1 chimeric oncoprotein: fusion with E2A is essential, but the Pbx 1 homeo-domain is dispensable. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 14: 8304-8314.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PBX1 (human) mapping to 1q23.3; Pbx1 (mouse) mapping to 1 H2.3.

SOURCE

Pbx 1a (710.2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a recombinant protein corresponding to amino acids 319-430 of Pbx 1a of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Pbx 1a (710.2) is recommended for detection of Pbx 1a of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Pbx 1 siRNA (h): sc-38796, Pbx 1 siRNA (m): sc-38797, Pbx 1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38796-SH, Pbx 1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38797-SH, Pbx 1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38796-V and Pbx 1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38797-V.

Molecular Weight of Pbx 1a: 47 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Villaescusa, J.C., et al. 2016. A Pbx1 transcriptional network controls dopaminergic neuron development and is impaired in Parkinson's disease. *EMBO J.* 35: 1963-1978.
- La Manno, G., et al. 2016. Molecular diversity of midbrain development in mouse, human, and stem cells. *Cell* 167: 566-580.
- Rivetti di Val Cervo, P., et al. 2017. Induction of functional dopamine neurons from human astrocytes *in vitro* and mouse astrocytes in a Parkinson's disease model. *Nat. Biotechnol.* 35: 444-452.
- Okawa, S., et al. 2018. Transcriptional synergy as an emergent property defining cell subpopulation identity enables population shift. *Nat. Commun.* 9: 2595.
- Remesal, L., et al. 2020. PBX1 acts as terminal selector for olfactory bulb dopaminergic neurons. *Development pii: dev.186841.*

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.