

ASIC3 siRNA (h): sc-105101

BACKGROUND

Degenerin/epithelial sodium channel (DEG/ENaC) superfamily members are amiloride-sensitive sodium channels that contain intracellular N- and C-termini, two hydrophobic transmembrane regions and a cysteine-containing extracellular loop. Acid sensing ion channel ASIC1, also designated ACCN2, BNAC2 and ASIC1a, is present in brain as a 4.3-kb transcript with localization to rat dorsal root ganglia. *In situ* hybridization of rat brain suggests that ASIC1 is most abundant in the main olfactory bulb, cerebral cortex, hippocampal formation, habenula, basolateral amygdaloid nuclei and cerebellum. ASIC1 and H⁺-gated currents may contribute to the development of fear and anxiety. ASIC2, also designated amiloride-sensitive cation channel 1, neuronal (ACCN1), mammalian degenerin, BNAC1 (MDEG) and brain Na⁺ channel 1, mediates the normal detection of light touch. ASIC2 mRNA is abundant in brain, specifically in neurons. ASIC2 is expressed as 2.7- and 3.7-kb transcripts in brain and spinal cord tissues. ASIC3, also designated ASIC3, SLNAC1 and TNaC1, mediates detection of lasting pH changes and is involved in modulating moderate- to high-intensity pain sensation. ASIC4, also designated ACCN4 and BNAC4, is abundant in pituitary gland and is also present in the inner ear.

REFERENCES

1. Garcia-Anoveros, J., et al. 1997. BNAC1 and BNAC2 constitute a new family of human neuronal sodium channels related to degenerins and epithelial sodium channels. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94: 1459-1464.
2. Waldmann, R., et al. 1997. A proton-gated cation channel involved in acid-sensing. *Nature* 386: 173-177.
3. Price, M.P., et al. 2000. The mammalian sodium channel BNC1 is required for normal touch sensation. *Nature* 407: 1007-1011.
4. Grunder, S., et al. 2001. Acid-sensing ion channel ASIC4 gene: physical mapping, genomic organisation, and evaluation as a candidate for paroxysmal dystonia. *Eur. J. Hum. Genet.* 9: 672-676.
5. Chen, C.C., et al. 2002. A role for ASIC3 in the modulation of high-intensity pain stimuli. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 99: 8992-8997.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ACCN3 (human) mapping to 7q36.1.

PRODUCT

ASIC3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ASIC3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-105101-SH and ASIC3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105101-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ASIC3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-105101A and sc-105101B.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

ASIC3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of ASIC3 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ASIC3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ASIC3 (h)-PR: sc-105101-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.