

# COX17 siRNA (h): sc-105234

## BACKGROUND

The cytochrome c oxidase (COX) family of proteins function as the final electron donor in the respiratory chain to drive a proton gradient across the inner mitochondrial membrane, ultimately resulting in the production of water. The mammalian COX apoenzyme is a dimer, with each monomer consisting of 13 subunits, some of which are mitochondrial and some of which are nuclear. Cytochrome c oxidase 17 (COX17) is a nuclear gene encoding a mitochondrial copper chaperone protein necessary for proper COX apoenzyme-dependent mitochondrial respiration. COX17 is a highly conserved protein and influences the recruitment of copper ions to the mitochondria for delivery and incorporation into the COX apoenzyme.

## REFERENCES

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2. Horvath, R., et al. 2000. Characterization of human SCO1 and COX17 genes in mitochondrial cytochrome c oxidase deficiency. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 276: 530-533.
3. Punter, F.A., et al. 2000. Characterization and localization of human COX17, a gene involved in mitochondrial copper transport. *Hum. Genet.* 107: 69-74.
4. Suzuki, C., et al. 2003. Identification of COX17 as a therapeutic target for non-small cell lung cancer. *Cancer Res.* 63: 7038-7041.
5. Palumaa, P., et al. 2004. Metal-binding mechanism of COX17, a copper chaperone for cytochrome c oxidase. *Biochem. J.* 382: 307-314.
6. Maxfield, A.B., et al. 2004. COX17 is functional when tethered to the mitochondrial inner membrane. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 5072-5080.
7. Voronova, A., et al. 2007. Oxidative switches in functioning of mammalian copper chaperone COX17. *Biochem. J.* 408: 139-148.
8. Voronova, A., et al. 2007. Cox17, a copper chaperone for cytochrome c oxidase: expression, purification, and formation of mixed disulphide adducts with thiol reagents. *Protein Expr. Purif.* 53: 138-144.
9. Banci, L., et al. 2007. A structural-dynamical characterization of human Cox17. *J. Biol. Chem.* 283: 7912-7920.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: COX17 (human) mapping to 3q13.33.

## PRODUCT

COX17 siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see COX17 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-105234-SH and COX17 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105234-V as alternate gene silencing products.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

COX17 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of COX17 expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

COX17 (A-8): sc-393617 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of COX17 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.