FKBP6 siRNA (m): sc-105355



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

FKBP6 (FK506-binding protein 6), also known as Rotamase, Immunophilin FKBP36 and peptidyl-prolyl *cis-trans* isomerase FKBP6, is a 327 amino acid protein that, like other PPlases, accelerate the folding of proteins. As a component in synaptonemal complexes, FKBP6 is involved in homologous chromosomes pairing and male infertility in mice. There has been some suggestion that FKBP6 may play a role in modifying the susceptibility to idiopathic spermatogenic impairment in humans. Ubiquitously expressed in all tissues, FKBP6 is present at highest levels in testis, liver, kidney, skeletal muscle and heart. The gene encoding FKBP6 maps within a region of human chromosome 7q11.23 that has been implicated in Williams-Beuren syndrome, a rare developmental disorder involving abnormalities of the cardiovascular and musculoskeletal systems. Hemizygous deletion of FKBP6 may contribute to hypercalcemia and growth delay in Williams-Beuren syndrome.

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PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Fkbp6 (mouse) mapping to 5 G2.

PRODUCT

FKBP6 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see FKBP6 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-105355-SH and FKBP6 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105355-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of FKBP6 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-105355A, sc-105355B and sc-105355C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

FKBP6 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of FKBP6 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor FKBP6 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: FKBP6 (m)-PR: sc-105355-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com