

IL-4I1 siRNA (m): sc-105569

BACKGROUND

The interleukins are a broad family of well characterized cytokines, primarily of hematopoietic cell origin. As new cytokines are molecularly characterized, they are assigned an IL number to maintain a standard nomenclature. The interleukins are secreted by immune cells (mainly macrophages, B-cells or T-cells) that regulate a wide range of immune system functions. The functions of different interleukins vary from regulation of inflammatory and immune responses, functioning as autocrine factors and regulation and/or inhibition of other interleukins. IL-4I1 (interleukin 4 induced 1), known alternatively as LAO (L-amino-acid oxidase), hFIG1 (protein Fig-1) or UNQ636/PRO1265, is a 567 amino acid protein that belongs to the flavin monooxygenase family and FIG1 subfamily. Induced by IL-4, IL-4I1 utilizes FAD as a cofactor and may play a role in lysosomal antigen processing. Localizing to the lysosome, IL-4I1 exists as two distinct isoforms, designated isoform 1 and 2. Isoform 1 is found predominantly in immune tissue. The IL-4I1 gene contains a conserved region which may be involved in the catalysis of flavin adenine dinucleotide cofactors.

REFERENCES

1. Chavan, S.S., Tian, W., Hsueh, K., Jawaheer, D., Gregersen, P.K. and Chu, C.C. 2002. Characterization of the human homolog of the IL-4 induced gene-1 (Fig1). *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1576: 70-80.
2. Copie-Bergman, C., Boulland, M.L., Dehoule, C., Möller, P., Farcet, J.P., Dyer, M.J., Haioun, C., Romeo, P.H., Gaulard, P. and Leroy, K. 2003. Interleukin 4-induced gene 1 is activated in primary mediastinal large B-cell lymphoma. *Blood* 101: 2756-2761.
3. Mason, J.M., Naidu, M.D., Barcia, M., Porti, D., Chavan, S.S. and Chu, C.C. 2004. IL-4-induced gene-1 is a leukocyte L-amino acid oxidase with an unusual acidic pH preference and lysosomal localization. *J. Immunol.* 173: 4561-4567.
4. Wiemann, S., Kolb-Kokocinski, A. and Poustka, A. 2005. Alternative pre-mRNA processing regulates cell-type specific expression of the IL-4I1 and NUP62 genes. *BMC Biol.* 3: 16.
5. Boulland, M.L., Marquet, J., Molinier-Frenkel, V., Möller, P., Guiter, C., Lasoudris, F., Copie-Bergman, C., Baia, M., Gaulard, P., Leroy, K. and Castellano, F. 2007. Human IL-4I1 is a secreted L-phenylalanine oxidase expressed by mature dendritic cells that inhibits T-lymphocyte proliferation. *Blood* 110: 220-227.
6. Carbonnelle-Puscian, A., Copie-Bergman, C., Baia, M., Martin-Garcia, N., Allory, Y., Haioun, C., Cremades, A., Abd-Alsamad, I., Farcet, J.P., Gaulard, P., Castellano, F. and Molinier-Frenkel, V. 2009. The novel immunosuppressive enzyme IL-4I1 is expressed by neoplastic cells of several B-cell lymphomas and by tumor-associated macrophages. *Leukemia* 23: 952-960.
7. Marquet, J., Lasoudris, F., Cousin, C., Puiffe, M.L., Martin-Garcia, N., Baud, V., Chereau, F., Farcet, J.P., Molinier-Frenkel, V. and Castellano, F. 2010. Dichotomy between factors inducing the immunosuppressive enzyme IL-4-induced gene 1 (IL-4I1) in B lymphocytes and mononuclear phagocytes. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 40: 2557-2568.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IL4I1 (mouse) mapping to 7 B4.

PRODUCT

IL-4I1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see IL-4I1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-105569-SH and IL-4I1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-105569-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of IL-4I1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-105569A, sc-105569B and sc-105569C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

IL-4I1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of IL-4I1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor IL-4I1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: IL-4I1 (m)-PR: sc-105569-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.