

NSUN5 siRNA (m): sc-106312

BACKGROUND

NSUN5 (NOL1/NOP2/Sun domain family, member 5), also known as NOL1, p120 or NOL1R, is a 429 amino acid protein that belongs to the methyltransferase superfamily and exists as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms. Expressed ubiquitously with higher expression in heart, placenta and skeletal muscle, NSUN5 is thought to function as an S-adenosyl-L-methionine-dependent methyl-transferase whose absence may be associated with the pathogenesis of Williams syndrome. NSUN5 is subject to post-translational phosphorylation, probably by ATM or ATR. The gene encoding NSUN5 maps to human chromosome 7, which houses over 1,000 genes and comprises nearly 5% of the human genome. Defects in some of the genes localized to chromosome 7 have been linked to osteogenesis imperfecta, Williams syndrome, Pendred syndrome, lissencephaly, citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Nsun5 (mouse) mapping to 5 G2.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

NSUN5 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NSUN5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-106312-SH and NSUN5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-106312-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NSUN5 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-106312A, sc-106312B and sc-106312C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

NSUN5 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of NSUN5 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NSUN5 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NSUN5 (m)-PR: sc-106312-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.