

TMEM91 siRNA (h): sc-106933

BACKGROUND

Transmembrane protein 91 (TMEM91) is a 172 amino acid member of the capucin family. A multi-pass transmembrane protein, TMEM91 contains two putative transmembrane regions. The gene encoding TMEM91 maps to chromosome 19q13.2. Chromosome 19 includes a diversity of interesting genes and is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. It is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members including the killer cell and leukocyte Ig-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG family, and Fc receptors. Key genes for eye color and hair color also map to chromosome 19.

REFERENCES

1. Zimmermann, W., Weber, B., Ortlieb, B., Rudert, F., Schempp, W., Fiebig, H.H., Shively, J.E., von Kleist, S. and Thompson, J.A. 1988. Chromosomal localization of the carcinoembryonic antigen gene family and differential expression in various tumors. *Cancer Res.* 48: 2550-2554.
2. Trettel, F., Mantuano, E., Calabresi, V., Veneziano, L., Olsen, A.S., Georgescu, A., Gordon, L., Sabbadini, G., Frontali, M. and Jodice, C. 2000. A fine physical map of the CACNA1A gene region on 19p13.1-p13.2 chromosome. *Gene* 241: 45-50.
3. Moodie, S.J., Norman, P.J., King, A.L., Fraser, J.S., Curtis, D., Ellis, H.J., Vaughan, R.W. and Ciclitira, P.J. 2002. Analysis of candidate genes on chromosome 19 in coeliac disease: an association study of the KIR and LILR gene clusters. *Eur. J. Immunogenet.* 29: 287-291.
4. Leem, S.H., Kouprina, N., Grimwood, J., Kim, J.H., Mullokandov, M., Yoon, Y.H., Chae, J.Y., Morgan, J., Lucas, S., Richardson, P., Detter, C., Glavina, T., Rubin, E., Barrett, J.C. and Larionov, V. 2004. Closing the gaps on human chromosome 19 revealed genes with a high density of repetitive tandemly arrayed elements. *Genome Res.* 14: 239-246.
5. Vikelis, M., Papatriantafyllou, J. and Karageorgiou, C.E. 2007. A novel CADASIL-causing mutation in a stroke patient. *Swiss Med. Wkly.* 137: 323-325.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TMEM91 (human) mapping to 19q13.32.

PRODUCT

TMEM91 siRNA (h) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TMEM91 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-106933-SH and TMEM91 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-106933-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TMEM91 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-106933A and sc-106933B.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TMEM91 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TMEM91 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TMEM91 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TMEM91 (h)-PR: sc-106933-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.