β3Gn-T2 siRNA (m): sc-108931



The Power to Ouestion

BACKGROUND

A family of human β 1,3-galactosyltransferases (β 3Gn-Ts) consists of nine members (β 3Gn-T1, -T2, -T3, -T4, -T5, -T6, -T7, -T8 and -T9). β 3Gn-T1 catalyzes the formation of type 1 oligosaccharides. β 3GnT-2 converts lacto-N-triose II into lacto-N-tetraose and lacto-N-neotetraose and can form a heterodimer with β 3Gn-T8, which, as a complex, exhibits higher enzymatic activity. Unlike the ubiquitously expressed β 3Gn-T2, β 3Gn-T3 is specifically expressed in colon, jejunum, stomach, esophagus, placenta and trachea, while β 3Gn-T4 is mainly expressed in brain. β 3Gn-T5 is essential for the biosynthesis of Lewis antigens and may play a role in gastric cancer as a result of its participation in chronic H. P1 P2 P3 P3 P4 P5 P5 P6 P7 acts as an anti-migration factor for a lung cancer cell line.

REFERENCES

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- Iwai, T., et al. 2005. Core 3 synthase is down-regulated in colon carcinoma and profoundly suppresses the metastatic potential of carcinoma cells. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102: 4572-4577.
- 4. Deo, V.K., et al. 2006. Multiple co-transfection and co-expression of human β1,3-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase with human calreticulin chaperone cDNA in a single step in insect cells. Biotechnol. Appl. Biochem. 43: 129-135.
- 5. Seko, A., et al. 2008. Activation of β 1,3-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase-2 (β 3Gn-T2) by β 3Gn-T8. Possible involvement of β 3Gn-T8 in increasing poly-N-acetyllactosamine chains in differentiated HL-60 cells. J. Biol. Chem. 283: 33094-33100.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: B3gnt2 (mouse) mapping to 11 A3.2.

PRODUCT

 $\beta 3 Gn-T2$ siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see $\beta 3 Gn-T2$ shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-108931-SH and $\beta 3 Gn-T2$ shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-108931-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of β 3Gn-T2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-108931A, sc-108931B and sc-108931C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $\beta 3 Gn\mbox{-}T2$ siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of $\beta 3 Gn\mbox{-}T2$ expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor $\beta 3Gn\text{-}T2$ gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: $\beta 3Gn\text{-}T2$ (m)-PR: sc-108931-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 **Europe** +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 **www.scbt.com**