

E2A (m): 293 Lysate: sc-111268

BACKGROUND

Transcription factor 3 (E47, E12, E2A immunoglobulin enhancer binding factors E12/E47, E2A, ITF1, TCF3) influences gene expression during B cell maturation. Differentiation of myogenic cells is regulated by multiple positively and negatively acting factors. One well characterized family of helix-loop-helix (HLH) proteins known to play an important role in the regulation of muscle cell development includes Myo D, myogenin, Myf-5 and herculin. Myo D transcription factors form heterodimers with products of a more widely expressed family of bHLH genes, the E family, which consists of at least three distinct genes: E2A, IF2 and HEB. Myo D-E heterodimers bind avidly to consensus (CANNTG) E box target sites that are functionally important elements in the upstream regulatory sequences of many muscle-specific terminal differentiation genes. Both homo- and hetero-oligomers of these proteins are able to distinguish very closely related E box proteins and are believed to play important roles in lineage-specific gene expression.

REFERENCES

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3. Murre, C., et al. 1989. Interactions between heterologous helix-loop-helix proteins generate complexes that bind specifically to a common DNA sequence. *Cell* 58: 537-544.
4. Rhodes, S.J., et al. 1989. Identification of MRF4: a new member of the muscle regulatory factor gene family. *Genes Dev.* 3: 2050-2061.
5. Miner, J.H., et al. 1990. Herculin, a fourth member of the MyoD family of myogenic regulatory genes. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87: 1089-1093.
6. Anthony-Cahill, S.J., et al. 1992. Molecular characterization of helix-loop-helix peptides. *Science* 255: 979-983.
7. Hu, J., et al. 1992. HEB, a helix-loop-helix protein related to E2A and ITF2 that can modulate the DNA-binding ability of myogenic regulatory factors. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 12: 1031-1042.
8. Aronheim, A., et al. 1993. Cell-specific expression of helix-loop-helix transcription factors encoded by the E2A gene. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 21: 1601-1606.
9. King, A.M., et al. 2007. Accelerated notch-dependent degradation of E47 proteins in Aged B cell precursors is associated with increased ERK MAPK activation. *J. Immunol.* 178: 3521-3529.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tcf3 (mouse) mapping to 10 C1.

PRODUCT

E2A (m): 293 Lysate represents a lysate of mouse E2A transfected 293 cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

E2A (m): 293 Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive E2A antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293 Lysate: sc-110760 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293 cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.